Case Studies in Withdrawal and Return of Title IV Funds



Case Study 1: Penny Jones

A student is attending a two-year, semester-based community college, is receiving Title IV grants and loans (partially disbursed), and is due a post-withdrawal disbursement.

Case Study 2: Bob Ellison

A student withdraws and is receiving Title IV grants and loans at a low-cost public community college that measures progress in credit hours, and both the school and the student must return grant funds.

Case Study 3: Richard Sherman

A student withdraws unofficially and is receiving Title IV grants and loans at a school that uses the aggregate method for matching the school's FSEOG federal allocation.

Case Study 4: Harry Springer

A student withdraws unofficially and is receiving Title IV grants and loans at a school that measures academic progress in clock hours and performs its return calculations on a period of enrollment basis.

Case Study 5: Jordan Aire

A student withdraws unofficially and is receiving Title IV grants and loans at a school that measures academic progress in clock hours and performs its return calculations on a payment period basis.

Case Studies 6 and 7: Thompson S. Hunter

A student officially withdraws, returns, and withdraws again while receiving Title IV grants at a school that uses a term-based modular course structure, measures academic progress in credit hours, and performs its return calculations on a payment period basis.

Case Study 8: Eli Kraut

A student officially withdraws and is receiving Title IV grants at a school that uses a nonterm modular course structure, measures academic progress in credit hours, and performs its return calculations on a payment period basis.

Case Study 9: Baker Jeffries

A student officially withdraws and is receiving Title IV grants at a school that uses a nonterm modular course structure, measures academic progress in credit hours, and performs its return calculations on a payment period basis.

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CASE STUDY 1: PENNY JONES

Calculating the return of Title IV funds for a student attending a two-year community college (semester) who is receiving Title IV grants and loans (partially disbursed), and is due a post-withdrawal disbursement

Learning Objectives

Learn to complete Steps 1-4 of the Treatment of Title IV Funds When a Student Withdraws from a Credit-Hour Program worksheet and be able to:

- identify the basic information needed to complete the worksheet, including the withdrawal date and date of the institution's determination that the student withdrew;
- calculate the percentage of the payment period or period of enrollment the student completed;
- calculate both the percentage and the amount of Title IV aid earned by the student;
- determine either that the student is due a post-withdrawal disbursement (PWD) of Title IV aid or that Title IV aid must be returned;
- determine the amount to be offered to the student or returned; and
- identify the information a school must maintain in its files when a student is eligible for a post-withdrawal disbursement, and complete a Post-Withdrawal Tracking Sheet.

School Profile

Everyone Should Have an Education Community College (ESECC) is a twoyear, public, semester-based institution that measures academic progress in credit hours.

Academic Year (AY)/Program 2 semesters

32 weeks

Period 16 weeks

110 calendar days

Period Start Date August 23

Institutionally Scheduled Break None

Required to Take Attendance No

*The school's AY is 32 weeks and 24 semester hours.

Student Profile

Penny Jones is a first-year student in Virginia. Charges to her account for the first semester are as follows:

Tuition and Fees \$ 1,000.00/16-week semester
Technology Fee \$ 100.00/16-week semester
Books and Supplies \$ 400.00/16-week semester
Health Insurance \$ 200.00/academic year

Charges remaining on Penny's account after the withdrawal:

Tuition \$ 100.00

School Authorized to Credit

Account for Other Charges: Yes (all charges)

Penny's financial aid package included the following annual awards:

 Pell Grant
 \$ 2,000.00

 Direct Subsidized Loan
 \$ 3,500.00

 State Grant
 \$ 500.00

 College Grant
 \$ 200.00

Discussion

On the first day of the fall semester, August 23, Penny received the following disbursements to her student account:

Pell Grant	\$ 1,000.00
Net Direct Subsidized Loan	\$ 0.00
State Grant	\$ 500.00
College Grant	\$ 100.00

Although Penny is grateful for the assistance, she is concerned about meeting her living costs for the year.

On October 8, Penny came to the Financial Aid Office to advise that she doesn't think she is doing very well and is considering dropping out prior to November 1, the last day to withdraw from classes without academic penalty. To help her make a decision, she requests information on the withdrawal process. You are fairly certain that Penny is having a hard time adjusting to college life and want to encourage her to hang in until the end of the semester, December 10. After you provide her preliminary information, you ask her if it is her intent to withdraw. Penny says that she needs some time to think it over and makes a follow-up appointment for October 13.

When Penny comes to see you on October 13, she indicates that the last class she attended was on September 30. Because she doesn't see how she can get caught up on the work she's missed, she is adamant about withdrawing, so you give her instructions on completing the college's official withdrawal process and advise her where she can get the appropriate forms. Penny picks up the forms from the registrar on October 14. She turns the completed forms in on October 15.

Let's review some basic information about Penny as well as our learning objectives for this case. Penny attended a two-year community college, which was on the semester system. Students earned academic credits based on credit hours taken. Before withdrawing, Penny received her Pell Grant disbursement but not her Direct Loan.

The first thing we'll need to do is to decide on the date of the school's determination that Penny withdrew. Then, we'll complete Step 1: Student's Title IV Aid Information, which includes:

- Title IV aid disbursed, and
- Title IV aid that could have been disbursed.

Solution

The date of the institution's determination is the date you were advised by Penny that she had decided to withdraw (October 13). On the earlier date, October 8, she was only thinking about withdrawing.

Date of the institution's determination that the student withdrew = October 13.

Note that for a student who provides notification to the institution of his or her withdrawal, the *date of determination* is the student's withdrawal date, or the date of notification of withdrawal, whichever is later (34 CFR 668.22(l)(3)(i)). In this case, the dates are identical, October 13.

The withdrawal date for Title IV purposes, October 13, is described in *Step 2*.

Step 1: Student's Title IV Aid Information

Box A. Title I\	⁷ grants aid	l disbursed
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Pell Grant \$ 1,000.00

A. = \$1,000.00

Box B. Net Title IV loans disbursed = \$ 0.00

Box C. Title IV grants that could have been disbursed = \$ 0.00

Box D. Penny's Direct Loan had not been disbursed yet. But, she was eligible for the disbursement. Net Title IV loans that could have been disbursed = \$ 1,700.00

D = \$1,700.00

Box E. Although Penny also received disbursements of state and institutional aid, only Title IV aid is considered in the return of funds calculation. Title IV aid disbursed = \$1,000.00.

E = \$ 1,000.00

Box F. Box F is equal to the \$1,000.00 from Box A plus \$0.00 from Box C. Box F = \$1,000.

F = \$ 1,000.00

Box G. Both the disbursed Pell (Box A) and undisbursed Direct Loan (Box D) are included in Box G. Total Title IV aid disbursed plus Title IV aid that could have been disbursed = \$2,750.

Pell Grant (Box A) Net Direct Subsidized Loan (Box D)	\$ 1,000.00 \$ 1,700.00
Total Title IV aid disbursed plus could have been disbursed (Box G)	\$ 2,700.00
G =	\$ 2,700.00

Step 2: Percentage of Title IV Aid Earned

- 1. Payment period start date = August 23
- 2. Payment period end date = December 10
- 3. Withdrawal date = October 13

Note: Since ESECC does not take attendance and is not required by an outside entity to take attendance, the withdrawal date is the date Penny began the official school withdrawal process. Since the school includes the financial aid office as one of those places where the student can begin the withdrawal process, Penny's withdrawal date is October 13.

Although the school's refund policy is that the withdrawal date is the date a student turns in the signed withdrawal forms—which she did on October 15—that date is superseded for a student receiving Title IV aid by the federal requirement to use the date the student begins the withdrawal process or otherwise provides official notification (October 13).

Although Penny stopped attending classes on September 30, she didn't notify the school (begin the official withdrawal process) until October 13. When she came to see you on October 8, she was only thinking about withdrawing.

Of course, the school could have documented a last date of attendance at an academically-related activity and used that as her withdrawal date if it so chose.

Box H. Percentage of payment period completed

- Since the student attended a credit-hour school, the percentage of aid completed is calculated by dividing the number of calendar days completed by the total number of calendar days in the payment period. Number of calendar days completed in payment period = 52 (August 23–October 13).
- Because the semester does not include a scheduled break of five or more consecutive days, all of the calendar days in the period from August 23 to December 10 are counted. Number of calendar days in payment period = 110.

Note: Days in a period are counted as follows:

- 1. the first day of the payment period is the first scheduled day of academically related activity;
- 2. the last day of the payment period is the last scheduled day of academically related activity;
- 3. the school must count the date of withdrawal as a date of attendance.
- 52 days ÷ 110 days = .4727, rounded to .473, or 47.3%. Percentage of payment period completed = 47.3%.

Because this percentage is less than 60%, the percentage of Title IV aid earned,

H. = 47.3%

Step 3: Amount of Title IV Aid Earned by the Student

Box I. 47.3% (Percentage of Title IV aid earned from Box H) **X** \$ 2,700.00 (Total Title IV aid disbursed plus Title IV aid that could have been disbursed from Box G) = \$1,277.10. Amount of Title IV aid earned by the student (Box I) = \$1,277.10.

I. = \$1,277.10

Step 4: Total Title IV Aid to Be Disbursed or Returned

Box J. Because the total aid earned (Box I) is greater than the total aid disbursed (Box E), Penny is due a post-withdrawal disbursement. \$1,277.10 (Box I) – \$1,000.00 (Box E) = \$277.10. Post-withdrawal disbursement (Box J) = \$277.10.

J. = \$277.10

If a post-withdrawal disbursement is due the student, you stop here on the worksheet. Your next step is to begin compiling the information a school must maintain in its files when a student is eligible for a post-withdrawal disbursement (ESECC has chosen to use FSA's Post-withdrawal Tracking Sheet), and providing the required notifications to the student.

THE POST-WITHDRAWAL DISBURSEMENT TRACKING SHEET

The FAO performed the Return calculation on October 15 and determined that Penny was eligible for a post-withdrawal disbursement of \$277.10 (Step 4, Box J).

However, the COD system will not accept requests for other than whole dollars (no cents) for the Direct Loan Program. Therefore, the school must round down to, request, and disburse \$277.00.

Because the post-withdrawal disbursement would be composed entirely of loan funds, the school could not credit any funds to Penny's account or disburse any funds to her directly without sending Penny written notification advising her of her responsibility to repay the funds and obtaining Penny's confirmation that she still wants them.

Therefore, on October 20, the school sent Penny a letter explaining that:

- she was eligible for a post-withdrawal disbursement of Subsidized Direct Loan funds in the amount of \$277.00;
- she could accept some or all of the funds;
- Penny was obligated to repay any loan funds she accepted;
- if she accepted the disbursement, \$100 would be credited to her account for unpaid charges and that Penny could not receive that \$100;
- if she accepted the disbursement, the school would make a direct disbursement directly to her of \$177.00; and
- she has until November 13 (24 days from the day the school mailed the letter)¹ to accept the disbursement, and that if her response was received after that date, the school did not have to make the disbursement.

On November 13, the school received confirmation from Penny that she accepted all of the funds.

On November 15, the school drew down \$277.00 in Subsidized Direct Loan funds through G5, credited the \$277.00 to Penny's account, took \$100 for unpaid charges and sent Penny a check for the credit balance of \$177.00. (Note that the school could have drawn down the funds, credited the student's account with \$100.00, and sent the student the balance of \$177.00, but we do not require a school to deviate from its normal cash management procedures and establish a different type of audit trail for post-withdrawal disbursements.)

The FAO placed a record of all the aforementioned in Penny's permanent financial aid file.

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¹ The regulations now allow a school to set a deadline later than 14 days, provided the later deadline applies to both confirmation of loan disbursements to the student's account and direct disbursements of a post-withdrawal disbursement of loan disbursements to the student's account and direct disbursements of a post-withdrawal disbursement.

Treatment Of Title IV Fu	nds When A Stud	ent Withdraws From A Credit-Hour Program
Student's Name Penny Jones		Social Security Number Example 1
Date form 10 / 15 /	Date	of school's determination 10 / 13 /
Period used for calculation (check	(one) Peym	ent period Period of enrollment
Period used for calculation (check	COIIO/	ent period of enfollment
		and cents (rounded to the nearest penny). cimal places. (For example, .4486 = .449, or 44.9%)
STEP 1: Student's Title IV Ai	d Information	
Title IV Grant Programs	Amount Disbursed	Amount that Could E. Total Title IV aid disbursed for the period.
1. Pell Grant	1000.00	A. 1000.00
2. FSEOG 3. TEACH Grant		+ <u>B.</u>
Iraq and Afghanistan Service Grant		E.\$ 1000,00
		F. Total Title IV grant aid disbursed and that could have been disbursed for the period.
	A. 1000.00	C. A. 1000.00
	Subtotal	8utriotal + C.
		Net Amount that Could = F. \$ 1000,00
Title IV Loan Programs	Net Amount Disbursed	G. Total Title IV ald disbursed and that could
Unsubsidized Direct Loan Subsidized Direct Loan		have been disbursed for the period. 1700.00
7. Perkins Loan		A. 1000.00
8. Direct Grad PLUS Loan		B.
9. Direct Parent PLUS Loan		+ D. 1700.00
	B.	D 1700.00
	Subtotal	U. 1700.00 = G.\$ 2700.00
STEP 2: Percentage of Title	IV Aid Earned	STEP 3: Amount of Title IV Aid Earned by the Student
08 / 23 / 12 / 10 /	10 / 13 /	Multiply the percentage of Title IV aid earned (Box H) by the Total Title IV aid disbursed and that could have been
Start date Scheduled end of	date Date of withdrawal	disbursed for the period (Box G).
A school that is not required to take student who withdraws without noti		
Box H and proceed to Step 3. Or, to	he school may enter the	47.3 % X 2700.00 = I. \$ 1277,10
last date of attendance at an acade for the "withdrawal date," and proce		Box H Box G
as instructed. For a student who of the withdrawal date.		
H. Percentage of payment period	or period of	If the amount in Box I is greater than the amount in Box E, go to Item J (post-withdrawal disbursement).
enrollment completed Divide the calendar days complet	ed in the period by the	If the amount in Box I is less than the amount in Box E, go to Title IV aid to be returned (Item K).
total calendar days in the period (breaks of five days or more AND		If the amounts in Box I and Box E are equal (STOP)
was on an approved leave of abs		No further action is necessary.
	¬ [o/]	J. Post-withdrawal disbursement
52 110 Completed days Total days	= <u>47.3 %</u>	From the Amount of Title IV aid earned by the student (Box I) subtract the Total Title IV aid disbursed for the period (Box E). This is the amount of the post- withdrawal disbursement.
If this percentage is greater that Box H and proceed to Step 3.	n 60%, enter 100% in	1277.10 — 1000.00 J.\$ 277.10
If this percentage is less than o	r equal to 60%, enter	Box I Box E Stop here, and enter the amount in "J" in Box 1 on
that percentage in Box H, and proceed to Step 3.	H. 47.3 %	Page 3 (Post-withdrawal disbursement tracking sheet).

	POST-WITHDRAWAL DISBURSEMENT TRACKING SHEET									
Student's Name F	enny Jor	188		Social Securi	ty Number	Example	1			\neg
Date of school's d	letermina	tion that student	t withdrew	10 / 13 /						
I. Amount of Post-withdrawal Disbursement (PWD)										
Amount from "Bo	Amount from "Box J" of the Treatment of Title IV Funds When a Student Withdraws worksheet Box 1 \$ 277.00									
II. Outstanding C	harges F	or Educationa	lly Related E	xpenses Rema	aining On	Student's	Accour	nt		
Total Outstanding (Note: Prior-year	_			WD		Во	ox 2	\$ 1	100_00]
III. Post-withdray	val Disbu	ırsement Offer	ed Directly to	Student and/	or Parent					
From the total Post- count (Box 2) . This										
	\$	277.00	_ s	100.00	=				77.00	1
		Box 1	Į.	Box 2						,
IV. Allocation of	Post-with	ndrawal Disbur	sement							
Type of Aid		Loan Amount School Seeks to Credit to Account	Loan Amour Authorized to Credit to Account	Title IV A	d a	n Amount Offered s Direct oursement	Ac as	Amount cepted Direct ursement	Title IV A Disburse Directly t Student	ed to
Pell Grant		N/A	N/A			W/A	N	l/A		
FSEOG		N/A	N/A			W/A	N	I/A		
TEACH Grant		N/A	N/A		ı	N/A	N	I/A		
Iraq Afghanistan S	vc. Grant	N/A	N/A			N/A	١	I/A		
									<u> </u>	
Darkina										
Perkins Subsidized Direct				100.00	. ,	77.00	17	77.00	177.00	
Unsubsidized Dire				100.00	•	111.00	<u>"</u>	7.00	177.00	
Direct Grad Plus										
Direct Parent Plus			,							
Totals										
V. Authorizations	and No	tifications		•	<u> </u>		•		•	
Post-withdrawa	l disburse	ement loan notifi	ication sent to	student and/o	parent on	10	/ 20	/		
Deadline for stu	ident and	or parent to res	spond 11	1 / 13 /						
		d from student a ccept late respo		on 11 /	13 /] [☐ Resp	oonse not	received	
VI. Date Funds S	ent									
Date Direct Disbursement mailed or transferred Grant / / Loan 11 / 15 /										

CASE STUDY 2: BOB ELLISON

Calculating the return of Title IV funds when a student receiving Title IV grants and loans at a low-cost public community college that measures progress in credit hours withdraws and both the school and the student must return grant funds.

Learning Objectives

Learn to complete Steps 1–10 of the Treatment of Title IV Funds When a Student Withdraws from a Credit-Hour Program worksheet and be able to:

- identify the basic information needed to complete the worksheet, including the withdrawal date and date of the institution's determination that the student withdrew for a student who officially withdraws:
- calculate the percentage of the payment period or period of enrollment the student completed;
- calculate both the percentage and the amount of Title IV aid earned by the student;
- determine either that the student is due a post-withdrawal disbursement (PWD) of Title IV aid or that Title IV aid must be returned;
- determine the amount to be offered to the student or returned;
- apply the Title IV grant protection; and
- apply the *de minimis* grant repayment provision.

School Profile

West Coast Community College (WCCC) is a two-year public, credit-hour institution.

Academic Year/Program: 2 semesters

32 weeks and 24 semester hours

Period: 16 weeks

110 calendar days

Period Start Date: January 8

Period End Date: May 4

Institutionally Scheduled Break: Yes, 7 days

Taking Attendance Required: No

Method for Matching FSEOG: Fund-specific

Student Profile

Bob Ellison is a first-time freshman at WCCC. Charges to his account are as follows:

Tuition and Fees: \$ 1,000.00/16-week semester

School Authorized to Credit

Account for Other Charges: Yes (all charges)

Bob's financial aid package includes the following annual awards:

Pell Grant \$ 2,800.00 FSEOG \$ 2,400.00

Discussion

Bob Ellison enrolled as a first-time freshman at (WCCC) for the spring semester on January 8. On January 18, Bob got a call from the state treasurer informing him that the programming job he had applied for six months ago was his for the taking. That same day, Bob contacted the Financial Aid Office to: (1) advise it that he was withdrawing from WCCC, (2) begin WCCC's formal withdrawal process (11 calendar days into the semester), and (3) find out what to do next. All of his financial aid for the semester had been disbursed.

Solution

The date of the institution's determination that Bob withdrew is the day he contacted the Financial Aid Office to advise the school that he was withdrawing from WCCC: January 18.

Step 1: Student's Title IV Aid Information

Box A. Because WCCC uses the fund-specific method of matching FSEOG funds, 100% of Bob's FSEOG grant is used in the calculation. Title IV grant aid disbursed = \$2,600.00.

A . =	\$ 2,600.00
FSEOG	\$ 1,200.00
Pell Grant	\$ 1,400.00

Box B. Net Title IV loans disbursed = \$ 0.00.

Box C. Grants that could have been disbursed = \$0.00.

Box D. Net Title IV loans that could have been disbursed = \$ 0.00.

- **Box E.** Total Title IV aid disbursed for the payment period = A + B = 2,600.00 + 0.00 = \$2,600.00.
- **Box F.** Total Title IV grant aid disbursed and could have been disbursed for the payment period = A + C = 2,600.00 + 0.00 = \$2,600.00.
- **Box G.** Total Title IV aid disbursed and could have been disbursed for the payment period = A + B + C + D = 2,600.00 + 0.00 + 0.00 + 0.00 = \$2,600.00.

Step 2: Percentage of Title IV Aid Earned

- 1. Payment period start date = January 8.
- 2. Payment period end date = May 4.
- 3. Date of withdrawal = January 18.
- 4. Percentage of payment period completed:
 - Number of calendar days completed = 11 calendar days.
 - Number of calendar days in payment period = 110 calendar days.
 - 11 days ÷ 110 days = .100. Percentage of payment period completed = 10.0%.
- **Box H.** Because this percentage is 60% or less, the percentage of Title IV aid earned = 10.0%.

Step 3: Amount of Title IV Aid Earned by Student

- Box I. Multiply 10.0% (Percentage of Title IV aid earned from Box H) **X** \$2,600.00 (Total Title IV aid disbursed plus Title IV aid that could have been disbursed from Box G) = \$260.00 Amount of Title IV aid earned by student = \$260.00.
 - **I.** = \$260.00

Step 4: Total Title IV Aid to be Disbursed or Returned

- Box J. Because the total Title IV aid earned (Box I) is less than the aid disbursed (Box E), no post-withdrawal disbursement is due, and we proceed to Box K. Post-withdrawal disbursement = N/A.
- **Box K.** Because the total aid disbursed (Box E) is greater than the total aid earned (Box I), Title IV aid will need to be returned.
 - 2,600.00 (Box E) 260.00 (Box D) = 2,340.00. Title IV aid to be returned = 2,340.00.

Step 5: Amount of Unearned Title IV Aid Due from the School

Box L. Institutional charges for the payment period or period of enrollment = \$1,000.00.

Tuition and Fees

\$ 1,000.00

Box M. Subtract 10.0%, the percentage of Title IV aid earned (Box H), from 100% (100% – 10.0% = 90.0%). Percentage of Title IV aid unearned = 90.0%.

- **Box N.** First, calculate the unearned institutional charges. \$1,000.00 (institutional charges from Box L) **X** 90.0% (% Title IV aid unearned from Box M) = \$900.00. Amount of unearned institutional charges = \$900.00.
- **Box O.** Then, compare the amount of Title IV aid to be returned (Box K) to unearned institutional charges (Box N), and enter the lesser amount for Box O.

Box K =

\$ 2,340.00

Box N =

\$ 900.00

Amount of unearned Title IV aid due from the school = \$900.00.

Step 6: Return of Funds by the School

Box P. The student had no loans, so the total loans the school must return = \$0.00

Box P =

\$

0.00

The student's Pell Grant (\$1,025.00) exceeds the amount the school must return (\$900.00), so the school must return \$900.00 to the Federal Pell Grant program. The school must return the funds as soon as possible, but no later than **45 days** from the date it determined Bob withdrew.

Step 7: Initial Amount of Unearned Title IV Aid Due from Student

Subtract the amount of Title IV aid that the school must return (\$900.00 from Box O) from the total amount of Title IV aid that is to be returned (\$2,340.00 from Box K). \$2,340.00 – \$900.00 = \$1,440.00. Initial amount of unearned Title IV aid due from student = \$1,440.00.

Step 8: Repayment of the Student's Loans

Box R. The student had no loans, so the total loans the student must return = \$0.00.

Step 9: Grant Funds to be Returned

Box S. Initial amount of Title IV grants for the student to return

Subtract the amount of loans to be repaid by the student (\$0.00 from Box R) from the initial amount of unearned Title IV aid due from the student (\$1,440.00 from Box Q) to find the initial amount of Title IV grants for the student to return. \$1,440.00 - \$0.00 = \$1,440.00.

Box T. Amount of grant protection

Multiply the total of Title IV grant aid that was disbursed and could have been disbursed for the payment period or period of enrollment (\$2,600.00 from Box F) by 50%. Amount of grant protection = \$2,600.00 **X** 50.0% = \$1,300.00.

Box U. Title IV grant funds for the student to return

Subtract the protected amount of Title IV grants (\$1,300.00 from Box T) from the initial amount of Title IV grants for student to return (\$1,440.00 from Box S). Total grants for student to return = \$1,440.00 - \$1,300.00 = \$140.00.

Step 10: Return of Grant Funds by the Student

Amount of Title IV grants for the student to return

- Subtract the amount the school had to return to the Federal Pell Grant program (\$900.00) from the amount Federal Pell Grant disbursed to the student (\$1,400.00). Remaining unearned Pell Grant balance = \$1,400.00 \$900.00 = \$500.00.
- Since the \$500 remaining in Pell Grant funds exceeds the \$140.00 for the student to return, WCCC informs Bob that he must repay the \$140.00 and that he has 45-days to make repayment arrangements or his overpayment. WCCC also informs Bob that if he fails to repay or make arrangements to repay the overpayment, he will be referred to the Department and will lose eligibility for additional Title IV funds.

Treatment Of Title IV Funds When A Student Withdraws From A Credit-Hour Program											
Student's Name	Bob Ellison			5	Social Security Numl	oer	E	kample	2		
Date form completed 01	/ 19	/	Date	of a	school's determination		(01	/ 18	- /	
Period used for ca	alculation (chec	k on	e) Paym	ent			d of e	enrolli	ment		
When					nd cents (rounded to th mal places. (For examp					1.9%)	
STEP 1: Studer	nt's Title IV A	id Ir	nformation								
Title IV Gra	int Programs		Amount Disbursed	_	Amount that Could Have Been Disbursed	E	Total perio		ald disbu	irsed for the	
1. Pell Grant			1400.00	ļ		.]	. [A.		2600.00]
2. FSEOG 3. TEACH Grant			1200.00	}		-		B.			_
Iraq and Afghanist				ł			E.			2600,00]
				ļ		F.	Total could perk	d have I	grant ak been dist	d disbursed ar oursed for the	nd that
		A.	2600.00	i r	C.	╡	. [A.		2600.00]
			Subtotal	, ,	Subtotal	_	+[c.]
Title IV I o	an Programs		Net Amount Disbursed		Net Amount that Could Have Been Disbursed	=	F.	\$	2	2600 .00]
5. Unsubsidized Dire	-	ſ	THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH	1		٦G.				irsed and that for the period	
6. Subsidized Direct	Loan										,
7. Perkins Loan								A. B.		2600.00	4
8. Direct Grad PLUS							Ì	C.			j
9. Direct Parent PLU	15 Loan	L] 7		_	+[D.]
		B.	Subtotal	ַן [נ	D. Subtotal	J =	G	.\$	- :	2600,00]
STEP 2: Percer	ntage of Title	IV A	Aid Earned	Ţ	STEP 3: Amount of	of Ti	tle IV	/ Aid E	arned	by the Stu	dent
01 / 08 /	05 / 04 /		01 / 18 /	Ш	Multiply the percents						
Start date	Scheduled end	date	Date of withdrawal	Ш	the Total Title IV aid disbursed for the per				that cou	uid have be	en
			endance may, for a	Ш				, ,			
	d to Step 3. Or,	the s	chool may enter the	Ш		600.]=[I. \$	260	00
			ally related activity with the calculation	!	Box H	Вак (3				
	a student who o		ly withdraws, enter	П							
H. Percentage of enrollment con	payment period	or p	eriod of		If the amount in Box E, go to Ite						
Divide the calen	dar days comple		the period by the	Ш	If the amount in Box E, go to Tit						
breaks of five da		day	uding scheduled s that the student		If the amounts	in Bo	ox I s	and Bo	x E are	سنر ا	OP.
				Ш	J. Post-withdrawa	al di	ebur	seme	nt		
11 Completed days	110 Total days	_]:	10.00 %		From the Amou (Box I) subtract period (Box E).	the This	Total is th	Title I e amo	V aid di	isbursed for	
If this percents Box H and pro	age is greater th sceed to Step 3.	an 60	0%, enter 100% in		withdrawal disb				J. \$		
	age is less than je in Box H,	or eq	ual to 60%, enter		Stop here, and e Page 3 (Post-with		the a				

			Treebount Of Title IV Funds When	V OFFICIALS A	Mainte Pon	A Credit Hour Program
Student's Name	Bob Ellison		Social Security Number	Exam	ple 2	
	be Disbursed or Returned CONTINUED Title IV aid disbursed for the period)	STEP 7: Initial Amount		arned Title	e IV Aid Due
(Box E) subtract	ct the amount of Title IV aid earned by ex I). This is the amount of Title IV aid		From the amount of Title IV at Amount for the school to return			K) subtract the
that must be re			2340.00 - 900.0		Q.\$	1440_00
2600.00	260.00 = K.\$ 2340.00	1	Box K Box D If Box Q is ≤ zero, ST	OP) if gre		
Bax E	Box I	1	STEP 8: Repayment			
	nt of Unearned Title IV Aid Due he School		From the Net loans disburs Total loans the school must Title IV loans the student is	return (B	ox P) to find	the amount of
L. Institutional cl for the period	Room Board		These loans consist of loan loan funds the school is no repaid to the loan holders a promissory note.	responsi eccording	ble for repay to the terms	ving. They are of the borrower's
	Other Other		00.00 - 00.00		R.\$	00.00
Total Institutions (Add all the charge	al Charges = L.\$ 1000.00		If Box Q is less than on The only action a school of the loans of the students.	ool must ta dent's with	ake is to not ndrawal date	ify the holders a.
M. Percentage of	unearned Title IV aid		If Box Q is greater that			
100%-	o.o % = M. 90.0 %		STEP 9: Grant Fund S. Initial amount of Title			
	Box H		From the initial amoun	_		
N. Amount of une Multiply instituti	earned charges onal charges for the period (Box L) by		the student (Box Q) so repaid by the student			of loans to be
the percentage	of unearned Title IV aid (Box M).		1440.00 - 0.00		S.\$	1440•00
1000.00 X	90.0 % = N.\$ 900.00]	T. Amount of Title IV gr	ant prot		
O. Amount for so			Multiply the total of Tit and that could have be (Box F) by 50%.			
	mount of Title IV aid to be returned unt of unearned charges (Box N),			% =	T. \$	1300 00
and enter the le	O.\$ 900,00]	Box F U. Title IV grant funds f	or stude	nt to retur	'n
The school must retu	n of Funds by the School		From the Initial amour return (Box S) subtract protection (Box T).			
	by repaying funds to the following sources, in net amount disbursed from each source.		1440.00 - 1300.	00 =	U.\$	140_00
	Programs Amount for School to Return		Box 8 Box U is less than or ed	r qual to zer	o, STOP) if i	not, go to Step 10
Unsubsidized Direct Subsidized Direct		$\ \cdot \ $	STEP 10: Return of			
3. Perkins Loan	i Stati Loan	11	Except as noted below, the s for which he or she is respon			
4. Direct Grad PLUS	Loan	11	the student are applied in ord	er as indic	ated, up to the	e amount disbursed
5. Direct Parent PL	US Loan	1	from that grant program minu for returning to that program		t funds the so	shool is responsible
	oans the pust return = P.\$	1	Note that the student is to any program to which	not respo	onsible for I	returning funds
6. Pell Grant	900.00	ĬΙ	Title IV Grant Programs			nt To Return
7. FSEOG			1. Pell Grant		14	0.00
8. TEACH Grant		\prod	2. FSEOG			
9. Iraq and Afghanis	tan Service Grant	\prod	3. TEACH Grant			
		\prod	4. Iraq and Afghanistan Ser	vice Grant		

CASE STUDY 3: RICHARD SHERMAN

When a student receiving Title IV grants and loans at a school that uses the Aggregate method for matching the school's FSEOG federal allocation withdraws unofficially

Learning Objectives

Learn to complete Steps 1–9 of the Treatment of Title IV Funds When a Student Withdraws from a Credit-Hour Program worksheet and be able to:

- identify the basic information needed to complete the worksheet, including the withdrawal date and date of the institution's determination that the student withdrew for a student who withdraws unofficially;
- calculate the percentage of the payment period or period of enrollment the student completed;
- calculate both the percentage and the amount of Title IV aid earned by the student;
- determine either that the student is due a post-withdrawal disbursement (PWD) of Title IV aid or that Title IV aid must be returned;
- determine the amount to be offered to the student or returned; and
- apply the Title IV grant protection.

School Profile

The Ultra Large State University (ULSU) is a four-year, semester-based, public institution that measures academic progress in credit hours and uses the Fund Specific method for matching the school's FSEOG federal allocation with state grant funds.

Academic Year/Program 2 semesters

30 weeks and 24 semester hours

Period 15 weeks

100 calendar days

Period Start Date September 1

Institutionally Scheduled Break None

Required to Take Attendance No

Method for Matching FSEOG Fund Specific

FSA HB September 2019 **5–149**

Student Profile

Richard Sherman is a third-year student with a 3.5 cumulative GPA majoring in engineering.

Tuition and fees	\$	4,000.00/15-week semester
Room	\$	1,000.00/15-week semester
Board	\$	1,000.00/15-week semester
Books and Supplies	\$	500.00/15-week semester
(credit voucher at schoo	l store)	

School Authorized to Credit

Account for Other Charges: Yes (all charges)

Richard's financial aid package included the following annual awards:

Pell Grant	\$ 5,500.00
State Grant	\$ 1,000.00
FSEOG (Federal Portion)	\$ 4,000.00
Subsidized Direct Loan	\$ 4,000.00

All of Richard's financial aid for the first semester (i.e., one-half of his annual awards) was disbursed on the first day of classes.

Discussion

Richard is a brilliant computer engineering major in his third year at The ULSU. Over the summer between his second and third year, Richard developed and submitted to Gigantic Computer Corporation (GCC) an idea for a new memory chip. In October, Richard got a six-figure offer of employment from GCC. Richard was so excited by the offer that he packed his bags and headed for Seattle without telling anyone at the school that he was leaving.

Instructors at The ULSU must report a last date of attendance (LDA) whenever they submit a non-passing grade, and those dates appear on a report of Title IV recipients who failed to earn a passing grade in any of their classes that is provided by the Computer Center to the financial aid office at the end of each grading period.

On December 16, after grades have been submitted for the fall semester, the Computer Center at The ULSU ran the program that identified Title IV recipients who failed to earn a passing grade in any of their classes. When the aid office received and evaluated the report for the fall semester, it found that Richard's LDA was October 10. Because Richard did not provide official notification of his withdrawal, he is considered an unofficial withdrawal.

At the beginning of the semester, the following awards were posted to Richard's account at ULSU.

Pell Grant	\$ 2,750.00
State Grant	\$ 500.00
FSEOG	\$ 2,000.00
Net Subsidized Direct	\$ 1,930.00

Solution

The date of the institution's determination that Richard withdrew is the date the aid office received and processed the report from the Computer Center. Date of institution's determination that the student withdrew = December 16.

Note: For a student who withdraws without providing notification to a school that is not required to take attendance, the school must determine the withdrawal date no later than 30 days after the end of the earlier of (1) the payment period or the period of enrollment (as applicable), (2) the academic year, or

Step 1: Student's Title IV Aid Information

(3) the student's educational program.

Box A. ULSU enters the following data in Step 1.

Title IV grant aid disbursed

Pell Grant	\$ 2,750.00
FSEOG	\$ 2,000.00
A. =	\$ 4,750.00

- **Box B.** Net Title IV loans disbursed, Subsidized Direct Loan = \$ 1,930.00
- **Box C.** Title IV grants that could have been disbursed = \$ 0.00.
- **Box D.** Net Title IV loans that could have been disbursed = \$ 0.00.
- **Box E.** Total Title IV aid disbursed for the payment period = A + B = 4,750.00 + 1,930.00 = \$6,680.00.
- **Box F.** Total Title IV grant aid disbursed and could have been disbursed for the payment period = A + C = 4,750.00 + 0.00 = \$4,750.00.
- **Box G.** Total Title IV aid disbursed and could have been disbursed for the payment period = A + B + C + D = 4,750.00 + 1,930.00 + 0.00 + 0.00 = \$6,680.00.

Step 2: Percentage of Title IV Aid Earned

Because Richard did not officially withdraw from school and The ULSU does not take attendance and is not required to take attendance by an outside agency (other than for a one day snapshot for state census purposes), the school may use either the midpoint of the payment period or the last date of Richard's attendance in an academically related activity as the withdrawal date. The school elects to choose the midpoint of the period as Richard's withdrawal date.

- 1. Payment period start date = September 1
- 2. Payment period end date = December 9
- 3. Date of withdrawal = October 20^1
- 4. Percentage of payment period completed
 - Number of calendar days completed = 50^2
 - Number of calendar days in the payment period = 100
 - 50 days ÷ 100 days = 0.5000. Percentage of payment period completed = 50.0%
- **Box H.** Because this percentage is 60% or less, the percentage of Title IV aid earned = 50.0%.

Step 3: Amount of Title IV Aid Earned by the Student

Box I. 50.0% (Percentage of Title IV aid earned from Box H) **X** \$6,680.00 (Total of the Title IV aid disbursed and could have been disbursed for the payment period or period of enrollment from Box G) = \$3,340.00. Amount of Title IV aid earned by the student = \$3,340.00.

Step 4: Total Title IV Aid to be Disbursed or Returned

Box J. Because the total Title IV aid earned (Box I) is less than the total Title IV aid disbursed (Box E), no post-withdrawal disbursement is due, and we proceed to Box K.

Post-withdrawal disbursement = NA.

Box K. Because the total Title IV aid disbursed (Box E) is greater than the total Title IV aid earned (Box I), Title IV aid must be returned.

\$6,680.00 (Box E) - \$3,340.00 (Box I) = \$3,340.00. Title IV Aid to be returned = \$3,340.00.

Step 5: Amount of Unearned Title IV Aid Due from the School

Box L. Institutional charges for the payment period or period of enrollment = \$6,500.00.

Tuition and fees	\$ 4,000.00
Room	\$ 1,000.00
Board	\$ 1,000.00
Books	\$ 500.00

- **Box M.** Subtract the percentage of Title IV earned from Box H (50.0%) from 100.0%. 100% 50.0% = 50.0%. Percentage of Title IV aid unearned = 50.0%.
- **Box N.** Calculate the amount of unearned charges. \$6,500.00 (institutional charges from Box L) X 50% (% of Title IV aid unearned from Box M) = \$3,250.00.

 Amount of unearned institutional charges = \$3,250.00.
- **Box O.** Compare the amount of Title IV aid to be returned (Box K) to unearned institutional charges (Box N), and enter the lesser amount in Box O.

Box K =	\$ 3,340.00
Box N =	\$ 3,250.00

Amount of unearned Title IV aid due from the school = \$3,250.00.

STEP 6: Return of Funds by the School

Box P. The only Title IV loan disbursement Richard received was a Subsidized Direct Loan disbursement of \$1,930.00. Since \$1,930.00 is less than the \$3,250.00 (Box O) the school must return the entire \$1,930.00. Box P = \$1,930.00.

After the school returns \$1,930.00 to the Direct Loan program, \$1,320.00 remains to be returned by the school (\$3,250 (from Box O) – \$1,930 (from Box P)). Richard received \$2,000.00 in Pell Grant funds, so the school returns the \$1,320.00 to the Pell Grant Program.

STEP 7: Initial Amount of Unearned Title IV Aid Due from Student

Box Q. Subtract the amount of Title IV aid the school must return (\$3,250.00 from Box O) from the total amount of Title IV aid that is to be returned (\$3,340.00 from Box K) to find the initial amount of Title IV aid due from the student. \$3,340.00 - \$3,250.00 = \$90.00.

STEP 8: Repayment of the Student's Loans

Box R. Subtract the Total Loans the school must return (\$1,930.00 from Box P) from the net loans disbursed to the student (\$1,930.00 from Box B) to find the total of the loans the student must repay \$1,930.00 - \$1,930.00 = \$0.00.

STEP 9: Grant Funds to be Returned

Box S. Initial amount of Title IV grants for the student to return

Subtract the amount of loans to be repaid by the student (\$0.00 from Box R) from the initial amount of unearned aid due from the student (\$90.00 from Box Q) to find the initial amount of Title IV grants for the student to return. \$90.00 - \$0.00 = \$90.00.

Box T. Amount of grant protection

Multiply the total of Title IV grant aid disbursed or could have been disbursed for the payment period or period of enrollment (\$4,740.00 from Box F) by 50.0%. \$4,750 **X** 50.0% = \$2,375.00.

Box U. Title IV grant funds for the student to return

Subtract the amount of grant protection (\$2,375.00 from Box T) from the initial amount of Title IV grants for the student to return (\$90.00 from Box S) to find the Title IV grant funds for the student to return. $$90.00 - $2375.00 = 0.00^{1} .

¹ If this amount is less than or equal to \$0.00, enter = NA, and stop here. Richard is not required to return any Title IV grant funds.

Treatment Of Title IV Fu	nds	When A Stud	en	t Withdraws Fro	m	A Cred	lt-Hou	Progr	am
Student's Name Richard Sherm	an		5	Social Security Numb	er	Examp	le 3		
Date form 12 / 17 /		Date	of a	chool's determination		12	/ 16	/	
Period used for calculation (check	k on	D Paum	ont	that student withdrev		d of enrol	lmont		
rend used for calculation (check	K OII	e/ rayiii	9111	period Prei	1100	a or emoi	IIIIOIIL		
Monetary amo When calculating percer				d cents (rounded to the nal places. (For exampl				.9%)	
STEP 1: Student's Title IV Ai	d In	formation							
Title IV Grant Programs		Amount Disbursed		Amount that Could Have Been Disbursed	E	Total Title P	/ ald disbu	raed for the	2
1. Pell Grant		2750.00	ļ			Α.	4	750.00	
2. FSEOG		2000.00	ļ			+ B.	1	930.00	
3. TEACH Grant			ļ			E.\$	6	680.00	₹ .
Iraq and Afghanistan Service Grant					F.	Total Title			and that
			ļ			could have period.	been disb	ursed for t	he
	A.	4750.00	ј 1 г	c.]]	Α.	4	750.00	7
	۸.	4750.00 Subtotal	l L	Subtotal		+ C.			╡
				***************************************	_	F. \$	4	750 .00	▝
Title IV Loan Programs	_	Net Amount Disbursed		Net Amount that Could Have Been Disbursed	_	Total Title I			not could
5. Unsubsidized Direct Loan]				۵.	have been			
6. Subsidized Direct Loan].	1930.00				-			_
7. Perkins Loan	Į.					A. B.		750.00 1930.00	\dashv
8. Direct Grad PLUS Loan						C.		830.00	╡
Direct Parent PLUS Loan	L					+ D.			\dashv
	В.	1930.00		D .] _	G.\$	6	8680,00	▝
		Subtotal	-	Subtotal					
STEP 2: Percentage of Title			.	STEP 3: Amount of	Tit	le IV Aid	Earned I	by the St	udent
9 / 1 / 12 / 9 /		10 / 20 /	Ш	Multiply the percentag					
Start date Scheduled end d	date	Date of withdrawal	Ш	the Total Title IV aid d disbursed for the peri			that cou	id nave i	oeen
A school that is not required to take			Ш	·					
student who withdraws without notif Box H and proceed to Step 3. Or, to			Ш	50.0 % X 668	0.0	o =	I. \$	334	0.00
last date of attendance at an acade	mica	ally related activity	Ш		Вак С				
for the "withdrawal date," and proce as instructed. For a student who off			Ιi						
the withdrawal date.		y wildiana.	Н	If the amount in	Box	r Lio aroo	tor than t	the emou	int in
H. Percentage of payment period	or p	eriod of	Ш	Box E, go to Iter					
enrollment completed Divide the calendar days complet	ad ir	the period by the	Ш	If the amount in					
total calendar days in the period ((excl	uding scheduled	Ш	Box E, go to Title					
breaks of five days or more AND was on an approved leave of abs			Ш	If the amounts in No further action				equal, S	TOP.
was on an approved leave of also	OHICC	·,.	Ш	J. Post-withdrawal			•		
50 + 100	_։	50.00 %	Ш	From the Amount					
Completed days Total days	_		П	(Box I) subtract to period (Box E). T withdrawal disbu	his	is the am			or the
If this percentage is greater that Box H and proceed to Step 3.	an 60)%, enter 100% in					J. \$	NA	
If this percentage is less than o	nr e-a	ual to 60% enter		Dun i	Box B	_			
that percentage in Box H,			П	Stop here, and en Page 3 (Post-withd					
and proceed to Step 3.		1. 50.00 %	П	. 250 0 (1 001 111110		andour		Constant of the	matter and by

Student's Name Social Security Number Richard Sherman Example 3 STEP 7: Initial Amount of Unearned Title IV Aid Due STEP 4: Aid to be Disbursed or Returned CONTINUED from the Student From the Total Title IV aid disbursed for the period From the amount of Title IV aid to be returned (Box K) subtract the (Box E) subtract the amount of Title IV aid earned by Amount for the school to return (Box O). the student (Box I). This is the amount of Title IV aid that must be returned. 3340.00 90 00 3250.00 Box K Box O If Box Q is ≤ zero, STOP) If greater than zero, go to Step 8 6680.00 3340.00 3340 .00 STEP 8: Repayment of the Student's loans Box I Bax E From the Net loans disbursed to the student (Box B) subtract the STEP 5: Amount of Unearned Title IV Aid Due Total loans the school must return (Box P) to find the amount of from the School Title IV loans the student is still responsible for repaying (Box R). These loans consist of loans the student has earned, or unearned L. Institutional charges 4000.00 Tuition loan funds the school is not responsible for repaying. They are for the period Room 1000.00 repaid to the loan holders according to the terms of the borrower's 1000.00 promissory note. Board 500.00 Books =|R.\$ 0.00 1930.00 1930.00 Other Other If Box Q is less than or equal to Box R, STOP) The only action a school must take is to notify the holders Total Institutional Charges 🕳 of the loans of the student's withdrawal date. 6500.00 (Add all the charges together) If Box Q is greater than Box R, proceed to Step 9. M. Percentage of unearned Title IV aid STEP 9: Grant Funds to be Returned % **100%** - 50.0 50.0 S. Initial amount of Title IV grants for student to return From the initial amount of unearned Title IV aid due from N. Amount of unearned charges the student (Box Q) subtract the amount of loans to be repaid by the student (Box R). Multiply institutional charges for the period (Box L) by the percentage of unearned Title IV aid (Box M). = S.\$ 0.00 90,00 90.00 Box Q Bax R 3250.00 6500.00 T. Amount of Title IV grant protection Box L Multiply the total of Title IV grant aid that was disbursed and that could have been disbursed for the period O. Amount for school to return (Box F) by 50%. Compare the amount of Title IV aid to be returned 50% 4750.00 2375_00 (Box K) to amount of unearned charges (Box N), and enter the lesser amount. Bax F O. \$ 3250,00 U. Title IV grant funds for student to return From the Initial amount of Title IV grants for student to STEP 6: Return of Funds by the School return (Box S) subtract the Amount of Title IV grant The school must return the unearned aid for which the school is protection (Box T). responsible (Box O) by repaying funds to the following sources, in U.S 2375.00 NA 90.00 order, up to the total net amount disbursed from each source. Amount for School to Return Box 8 Box T Title IV Programs If Box U is less than or equal to zero, STOP if not, go to Step 10. Unsubsidized Direct Loan STEP 10: Return of Grant Funds by the Student Subsidized Direct Staff Loan Except as noted below, the student must return the unearned grant funds Perkins Loan for which he or she is responsible (Box U). The grant funds returned by 4. Direct Grad PLUS Loan the student are applied in order as indicated, up to the amount disbursed from that grant program minus any grant funds the school is responsible 5. Direct Parent PLUS Loan for returning to that program in Step 6. Total loans the Note that the student is not responsible for returning funds 1930.00 school must return to any program to which the student owes \$50.00 or less. Pell Grant Amount To Return Title IV Grant Programs FSEOG 1. Pell Grant 8. TEACH Grant 2. FSEOG Iraq and Afghanistan Service Grant 3. TEACH Grant Iraq and Afghanistan Service Grant

CASE STUDY 4: HARRY SPRINGER

When a student receiving Title IV grants and loans at a school that measures academic progress in clock hours and performs its Return calculations on a period of enrollment basis, withdraws unofficially.

Learning Objectives

Learn to complete Steps 1–8 of the Treatment of Title IV Funds when a Student Withdraws from a Clock-Hour Program worksheet, and be able to:

- determine withdrawal date for student who did not provide notification of intent to withdraw at a school required to take attendance;
- determine the scheduled clock hours;
- calculate the percentage of the period of enrollment the student completed;
- calculate both the percentage and the amount of Title IV aid earned by the student;
- determine either that the student is due a post-withdrawal disbursement (PWD) of Title IV aid or that Title IV aid must be returned; and
- determine the amount to be offered to the student or returned.

School Profile

Quality Tech School (QTS) is a proprietary school that measures academic progress in clock hours.

Academic Year/Program/ 900 hours/30 weeks

Period of Enrollment

Payment Period 450 hours

Period Start Date January 8

Period End Date August 3

Institutionally Scheduled Break None

Required to Take Attendance Yes

Period used in Return calculation Period of Enrollment

FSA HB September 2019 5–157

Student Profile

Harry Springer enrolled at QTS for a 30-week program of study period consisting of 900 clock hours offered over 30 weeks. The first payment period is 450 clock hours. Charges to Harry's account are as follows:

Tuition and fees \$ 8,000.00/30-week program
Room \$ non-residential program
Board \$ non-residential program

Books and Supplies \$ 500.00/program

School Authorized to Credit

Account for Other Charges: Yes (all charges)

Harry's financial aid package included the following annual awards:

Pell Grant \$ 4,000.00 Subsidized Direct Loan \$ 3,500.00

All of Harry's financial aid for the first payment period (450 clock hours, i.e., one-half his annual awards) was disbursed on the first day of classes.

Discussion

On the first day of the winter period, January 8, Harry received the following disbursements to his student account:

Pell Grant \$ 2,000.00 Net Subsidized Direct Loan \$ 1,700.00

Everything seemed to be going very well for Harry. It wasn't until January 26 that the school discovered Harry hadn't been attending classes and didn't plan on returning. The director of the program notified the aid office that Harry's last day of attendance was January 17 (through which time Harry was scheduled to have attended 45 hours), and the aid office began the withdrawal process and required calculations.

Solution

The date of the institution's determination that Harry withdrew (January 26) is the date the aid office received the information from the Director of Student Services. Because QTS is required to take attendance, Harry's withdrawal date is his last day of attendance at an academically related activity, January 17.

At the beginning of the enrollment period, the following awards were posted to Harry's account at QTS.

Pell Grant	\$ 2,000.00
Subsidized Direct Loan	\$ 1,700.00

Step 1: Student's Title IV Aid Information

Box A. Title IV grant aid disbursed

Pell Grant	\$	2,000.00
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Box B. Net Title IV loans disbursed

Box C. Because QTS uses the period of enrollment as the basis for its Return calculation, the \$2,000 in Pell funds Harry was scheduled to receive once he had completed the first 450 hours of his program is included as Title IV grants that could have been disbursed.

Box D. Because QTS uses the period of enrollment as the basis for its Return calculation, the \$1700.00 in Subsidized Direct Loan funds Harry was scheduled to receive once he had completed the first 450 hours and the calendar midpoint of his program of his program is included as Title IV loans that could have been disbursed.

Box E. Total Title IV aid disbursed for the period of enrollment = A + B = 2,000.00 + 1,700.00 = \$3,700.00.

Box F. Total Title IV grant aid disbursed and could have been disbursed for the period of enrollment = A + C = 2,000.00 + 2,000.00 = \$4,000.00.

Box G. Total Title IV aid disbursed and could have been disbursed for the period of enrollment = A + B + C + D = 2,000.00 + 1,700.00 + 2,000.00 + 1,700.00 = \$7,400.00.

Step 2: Percentage of Title IV Aid Earned

Because QTS is required to take attendance by an outside agency, the school must use the last date of Harry's attendance in an academically related activity as determined from its attendance records as the withdrawal date. Harry's last date of attendance was January 17.

- 1. Period of enrollment start date = January 8.
- 2. Period of enrollment end date = August 3.
- 3. Date of withdrawal = January 17.

Box H. Percentage of period completed

Only scheduled hours are used to determine the percentage of the period completed by a student withdrawing from a clock-hour program. The percentage of the period completed by a student is determined by dividing the number of hours the student was scheduled to complete in the payment period or period of enrollment as of the day the student withdrew by the total number of clock hours in the same period.

- Number of clock hours Harry was scheduled to complete by January 17 = 45.
- Number of clock hours in the period of enrollment = 900.
- 45 clock hours ÷ 900 clock hours = 0.050.

Percentage of period of enrollment completed = 5.0%.

Because this percentage is 60% or less, the percentage of Title IV aid earned, Box H = 5.0%.

Step 3: Amount of Title IV Aid Earned by the Student

5.0% (Percentage of Title IV aid earned from Box H) **X** \$ 7,400.00 (Total of the Title IV aid disbursed and could have been disbursed for the period of enrollment from Box G) = \$370.00. Amount of Title IV aid earned by the student = \$370.00.

Step 4: Total Title IV Aid to be Disbursed or Returned

Box J. Because the total Title IV aid earned (Box I) is less than the total Title IV aid disbursed (Box E), no post-withdrawal disbursement is due, and we proceed to Box K.

Post-withdrawal disbursement = NA.

Box K. Because the total Title IV aid disbursed (Box E) is greater than the total Title IV aid earned (Box I) Title IV aid must be returned.

3,700.00 (Box E) -370.00 (Box I) = 3,330.00. Title IV Aid to be returned = 3,330.00.

Step 5: Amount of Unearned Title IV Aid Due from the School

Box L. Institutional charges for the period of enrollment = \$8,500.00.

Tuition and fees \$ 8,000.00 Books & Supplies \$ 500.00

- **Box M.** Subtract the percentage of Title IV earned from Box H (5.0%) from 100.0%. 100% 5.0% = 95.0%. Percentage of Title IV aid unearned = 95.0%.
- **Box N.** Calculate the amount of unearned charges. \$8,500.00 (institutional charges from Box L) **X** 95% (Percentage of Title IV aid unearned from Box M) = \$8,075.00. Amount of unearned institutional charges = \$8,075.00.
- **Box O.** Compare the amount of Title IV aid to be returned (Box K) to unearned institutional charges (Box N), and enter the lesser amount in Box O.

Box K = \$ 3,330.00 Box N = \$ 8,075.00

Amount of unearned Title IV aid due from the school = \$3,330.00.

STEP 6: Return of Funds by the School

Box P. The only Title IV loan disbursement Richard received was a Subsidized Direct Loan disbursement of \$1,700.00. Since \$1,700.00 is less than the \$3,330.00 (Box O) the amount for school to return, the school must return the entire \$1,700.00 to the Direct Loan Program.

P = \$ 1,700.00

After the school returns \$1700.00 to the Direct Loan program, the balance to be returned by the school is \$1,630.00 (\$3,330.00 [from Box O] – \$1700.00 [from Box P]). Harry received \$2,000.00 in Pell Grant funds, so the school returns the \$1,630.00 to the Pell Grant Program.

The school must return any unearned funds within 45 days from the date of the institution's determination that Harry withdrew.

STEP 7: Initial Amount of Unearned Title IV Aid Due from Student

Box Q. Subtract the amount of Title IV aid the school must return (\$3,330.00 from Box O) from the total amount of Title IV aid that is to be returned (\$3,330.00 from Box K) to find the initial amount of Title IV aid due from the student. \$3,330.00 - \$3,330.00 = \$0.00.

STEP 8: Repayment of the Student's Loans

Box R. Subtract the total loans the school must return (\$1700.00 from Box P) from the net loans disbursed to the student (\$1,700.00 from Box B) to find the total of the loans the student must repay \$1,700.00 - \$1,700.00 = \$0.00.

Since the amount from Box Q (\$0.00) is equal to (or less than) the amount from Box R (\$0.00), the calculation ends here.

Treatment Of Title IV Funds When A Student Withdraws From A Clock-Hour Program									
Student's Name Harry Sprin	nger		Soc	ial Security Numb	oer	-	Exam	ple 4	
Date form completed 1 / 27	/	Date		ool's determination			1	/ 26 /	
Period used for calculation (che	ck one)	Paym				d of e	enroll	ment	
Monetary an When calculating per				ents (rounded to the places. (For examp					
STEP 1: Student's Title IV	Aid Info	ormation							
Title IV Grant Programs		Amount Disbursed		Amount that Could Have Been Disbursed	E.			ald disbursed for the	?
1. Pell Grant		2000.00	Γ	2000.00	7	perto	а. А.	2000.00	7
2. FSEOG]		B.	1700.00	<u></u>
3. TEACH Grant					<u> ا</u>	E.	\$	3700,00	┓ .
Iraq and Afghanistan Service Grant					F.	Total coul perk	d have	/ grant aid disbursed been disbursed for th	and that ne
	A.	2000.00	C.	2000.00	╡	[Α.	2000.00	
	7 44	Subtotal	<u> </u>	Subtotal	_	+[C.	2000.00	
				Net Amount that Could	=	F.	\$	4000,00	Ī
Title IV Loan Programs		Net Amount Disbursed	Г	Have Been Disbursed	٦G.			ald disbursed and th	
Unsubsidized Direct Loan Subsidized Direct Loan		1700.00	}}	1700.00	-	have	been o	disbursed for the peri	od.
7. Perkins Loan		1700.00	}}	1700.00	-	[A.	2000.00	
8. Direct Grad PLUS Loan			} <u>}</u>		1		B.	1700.00	
9. Direct Parent PLUS Loan			······		1		<u>C.</u>	2000.00	_
	B.	1700.00	D.	1700.00	i i		D.	1700.00	╡ .
	В.	Subtotal	<u>D.</u>	Subtotal	- =	G	.\$	7400.00	
STEP 2: Percentage of Titl	e IV Aid	l Earned	S	TEP 4: Title IV Ai	d to	be (Disbu	rsed or Returned	1
Withdrawal date 1	/ 17	/	1					er than the amou	
H. Determine the percentage of						-		drawal disbursen han the amount i	
Divide the clock hours schedul completed as of the withdraws			'					returned (Item K)	
the total clock hours in the per		and pointed by						ox E are equal, S	тор)
				No further actio	n is	nece	esary		
45 + 900.00		5.0 %		J. Post-withdraws					
Hours scheduled Total hours i		3.0 70						d earned by the s IV aid disbursed f	
to complete period				period (Box E). withdrawal disbu				ount of the post-	
If this percentage is greater t Box H and proceed to Step 3		, enter 100% in	╽╽┌	withdrawai disbt	nesar	ment	, r	J.\$ NA	
If this percentage is less than		l to 60%, enter	▎▐┕	Bax I	Box 6		J — [υ.ψ ινα	•
that percentage in Box H, and proceed to Step 3.	H.	5,0 %						here, and enter th	
and proceed to step 3.		4 70	!	amount in Box 1 ment tracking she			3 (Pc	et-withdrawal dis	ourse-
STEP 3: Amount of Title IV Aid	Earned	by the Student		K. Title IV aid to b			ed		
Multiply the percentage of Title IV aid earned (Box H) by From the Total Title IV aid disbursed for the period									
the Total Title IV aid disbursed an disbursed for the period (Box G).	d that co	uld have been			cl).	This		f Title IV aid earn amount of Title I	
5.0 % X 7400.00 =	1.\$	370,00		3700.00	370	.00]=[K.\$ 333	0,00
Box H Box G			_	Box E	Вак	ı			

	Treatment Of 160 by Pariso William A College Williams Provide Growth College Program
Student's Name Harry Springer	Social Security Number Example 4
STEP 5: Amount of Unearned Title IV Aid Due from the School	STEP 8: Repayment of the Student's loans
L. Institutional charges Tuition 8000.00 for the period Room Board Books 500.00 Other	From the Net loans disbursed to the student (Box B) subtract the Total loans the school must return (Box P) to find the amount of Title IV loans the student is still responsible for repaying (Box R). These loans consist of loans the student has earned, or unearned loan funds the school is not responsible for repaying. They are repaid to the loan holders according to the terms of the borrower's promissory note.
Total Institutional Charges	1700.00 — 1700.00 = R.\$ 0.00
(Add all the charges together) — L. \$ 8500.00	If Box Q is less than or equal to Box R, STOP The only action a school must take is to notify the
100% - 5.0 % = M. 95.0 %	holders of the loans of the student's withdrawal date. If Box Q is greater than Box R, proceed to Step 9.
N. Amount of unearned charges Multiply institutional charges for the period (Box L) by the	STEP 9: Grant Funds to be Returned
Percentage of unearned Title IV aid (Box M). 8500.00 X 95.0 % = N.\$ 8075.00 Box L Box M O. Amount for school to return	S. Initial amount of Title IV grants for student to return From the Initial amount of unearned Title IV aid due from the student (Box Q) subtract the amount of loans to be repaid by the student (Box R).
Compare the amount of Title IV aid to be returned	= S
(Box K) to Amount of unearned charges (Box N), and enter the lesser amount. O.\$ 3330 00 STEP 6: Return of Funds by the School	Box Q Box R T. Amount of Title IV grant protection Multiply the total of Title IV grant aid that was disbursed and that could have been disbursed for the period (Box F) by 50%.
The school must return the unearned aid for which the school is	x 50% = T
responsible (Box O) by repaying funds to the following sources, in order, up to the total net amount disbursed from each source. Amount for School to Return 1. Unsubsidized Direct Loan 2. Subsidized Direct Loan 1700.00	Box F U. Title IV grant funds for student to return From the Initial amount of Title IV grants for student to return (Box S) subtract the Amount of Title IV grant protection (Box T).
3. Perkins Loan	
Direct Graduate PLUS Loan Direct Parent PLUS Loan	Box 8 Box T If Box U is less than or equal to zero, STOP if not, go to Step 10
Total loans the school must return = P.\$ 1700 .00	STEP 10: Return of Grant Funds by the Student
6. Pell Grant 1630.00 7. FSEOG 8. TEACH Grant 9. Iraq and Afghanistan Service Grant	Except as noted below, the student must return the unearned grant funds for which he or she is responsible (Box U). The grant funds returned by the student are applied in order as indicated, up to the amount disbursed from that grant program minus any grant funds the school is responsible for returning to that program in Step 6.
	Note that the student is not responsible for returning funds to any program to which the student owes \$50.00 or less.
STEP 7: Initial Amount of Unearned Title IV Aid Due from the Student From the amount of Title IV aid to be returned (Box K) subtract the Amount for the school to return (Box O). 3330.00	Title IV Grant Programs Amount To Return 1. Pell Grant 2. FSEOG 3. TEACH Grant 4. Iraq and Afghanistan Service Grant
If Box Q is ≤ zero, STOP If greater than zero, go to Step 8.	

CASE STUDY 5: JORDAN AIRE

When a student receiving Title IV grants and loans at a school that measures academic progress in clock hours and performs its Return calculations on a payment period basis withdraws unofficially.

Learning Objectives

Learn to complete Steps 1–8 of the Treatment of Title IV Funds When a Student Withdraws from a Clock-Hour Program worksheet, and be able to:

- determine withdrawal date for student who did not provide notification of intent to withdraw at a school required to take attendance;
- determine the scheduled clock hours;
- calculate the percentage of the payment period the student completed;
- calculate both the percentage and the amount of Title IV aid earned by the student;
- determine either that the student is due a post-withdrawal disbursement (PWD) of Title IV aid or that Title IV aid must be returned;
- prorate the student's charges to determine the correct amount of institutional charges for the payment period;
- decide whether the cost of unreturned equipment can be excluded; and
- determine the amount to be offered to the student or returned.

School Profile

Learn to Earn Technical School (LETS) is a proprietary school that measures academic progress in clock hours.

Academic Year/Program/ 900 hours/26 weeks

Period of Enrollment

Payment Period 450 hours/13 weeks

Payment Period Start Date April 3

Payment Period End Date June 30

Institutionally Scheduled Break None

Required to Take Attendance Yes

Period Used in Return Calculation Payment Period

FSA HB September 2019 **5–165**

Student Profile

Jordan Aire enrolled at LETS for a 26-week program of study consisting of 900 clock hours offered over 26 weeks. The first payment period is 450 clock hours. Charges to Jordan's account are as follows:

Tuition and fees \$ 6,000.00/26-week program
Room \$ non-residential program
Board \$ non-residential program

Books and Supplies \$ 500.00/program

School authorized to retain Title IV funds

and credit account for other charges: Yes (all charges)

Authorized to retain credit balance No.

Jordan's financial aid package included the following annual awards:

Pell Grant \$ 4,000.00 Subsidized Direct Loan \$ 3,500.00

All of Jordan's financial aid for the first payment period (450 clock hours, i.e., one-half his annual awards) was disbursed on the first day of classes.

Discussion

On the first day of the period, April 3, Jordan received the following disbursements to his student account:

Pell Grant \$ 2,000.00 Net Subsidized Direct Loan \$ 1,700.00

On May 1, the Retention Specialist at LETS is informed by the director of Jordan's program that since April 20, Jordan has not been attending classes. The Retention Specialist contacts Jordan who tells him that he's been ill but plans on coming back to school during the next week. Since this falls within the time period for excused absences allowed by school policy, as well as absences allowed by the state and the school's accrediting agency, the school delays taking any action. However, on May 8 when the Retention Specialist follows up with the Program Director, he finds that Jordan has not returned to school. Since Jordan has now exceeded the number of absences allowed by school policy, LETS must administratively withdraw Jordan from school.

Note:

Remember that institutions that are required to take attendance are expected to have a procedure in place for routinely monitoring attendance records to determine in a timely manner when a student withdraws. Except in unusual instances, the date of the institution's determination that the student withdraw should be no later than 14 days after the student's withdrawal date.

The institution is not required to administratively withdraw a student who has been absent for 14 days. However, after 14 days, it is expected to have determined whether the student intends to return to classes or has withdrawn. Moreover, the institution must return any unearned funds within 45 days of the date of the institution's determination that Jordan withdrew (May 4).

As part of Jordan's enrollment agreement, LETS provided Jordan with a kit that included all the books and supplies that he would need throughout the program (the entire period of enrollment). The kit is returnable, but Jordan does not return the kit after he withdraws.

Solution

Jordan's withdrawal date is his last day of attendance as determined from the school's attendance records, April 20.

The school must use May 4 (14 days from the student's last day of attendance) as the date of the institution's determination that the student withdrew.

At the beginning of the payment period, the following awards were posted to Jordan's account at LETS.

Pell Grant	\$ 2,000.00
Net Subsidized Direct Loan	\$ 1,700.00

Step 1: Student's Title IV Aid Information

Box A.	Title IV grant aid disbursed –	
	Pell Grant	\$ 2,000.00
	A. =	\$ 2,000.00
Box B.	Net Title IV loans disbursed –	
	Subsidized Direct Loan =	\$ 1,700.00
	B. =	\$ 1,700.00

- **Box C.** Title IV grants that could have been disbursed = \$ 0.00.
- **Box D.** Title IV loans that could have been disbursed = \$ 0.00.
- **Box E.** Total Title IV aid disbursed for the payment period = A + B = 2,000.00 + 1,700.00 = \$3,700.00.
- **Box F.** Total Title IV grant aid disbursed and could have been disbursed for the payment period = A + C = 2,000.00 + 0.00 = \$2,000.00.

Box G. Total Title IV aid disbursed and could have been disbursed for the payment period = A + B + C + D = 2,000.00 + 1,700.00 + 0.00 + 0.00 = \$3,700.00.

Step 2: Percentage of Title IV Aid Earned

Because LETS is required to take attendance by an outside agency, the school must use the last date of Jordan's attendance in an academically related activity as determined from its attendance records as the withdrawal date. Jordan's last date of attendance was April 20.

- 1. Payment Period start date = April 3.
- 2. Payment Period end date = June 30.
- 3. Date of withdrawal = April 20.
- **Box H.** Percentage of payment period completed

Only scheduled hours are used to determine the percentage of the period completed by a student withdrawing from a clock-hour program. The percentage of the period completed by a student is determined by dividing the number of hours the student was scheduled to complete in the payment period or period of enrollment as of the day the student withdrew, by the total number of clock hours in the same period.

- Number of clock hours Jordan was scheduled to complete by April 20 = 90
- Number of clock hours in the payment period = 450
- 90 clock hours \div 450 clock hours = 0.20

Percentage of payment period completed = 20.0%

Because this percentage is 60% or less, the percentage of Title IV aid earned in Box H = 20.0%.

Step 3: Amount of Title IV Aid Earned by the Student

Box I. 20.0% (percentage of Title IV aid earned from Box H) **X** \$3,700.00 (Total of the Title IV aid disbursed and could have been disbursed for the payment period or period of enrollment from Box G) = \$740.00. Amount of Title IV aid earned by the student = \$740.00.

Step 4: Total Title IV Aid to be Disbursed or Returned

Box J. Because the total Title IV aid earned (Box I) is less than the total Title IV aid disbursed (Box E), no post-withdrawal disbursement is due, and we proceed to Box K.

Post-withdrawal disbursement = NA.

Box K. Because the total Title IV aid disbursed (Box E) is greater than the total Title IV aid earned (Box I), Title IV aid must be returned.

3,700.00 (Box E) - 740.00 (Box I) = 2,960.00. Title IV Aid to be Returned = 2,960.00.

Step 5: Amount of Title IV Aid Due from the School

Box L. Total institutional charges for the payment period

Before entering data in Step 5, Part L, of the Return calculation a school that charges by the period of enrollment but performs its Return calculation on a payment period basis must determine whether it must enter: (a) the prorated amount of all institutional charges, or (b) the amount the school retained. To do this, first, the school prorates all institutional charges. Then, the school determines the amount actually retained. The school compares the two results and enters in Step 5, Part L, the greater of the two amounts (per the provisions in 34 CFR 668.22(g)(3)(ii)). LETS did not obtain an authorization to retain funds in excess of the prorated amount. Therefore, in this case the amount retained and the prorated amount are the same. The school enters \$250.00 as the charge for books and supplies.

Prorated Charges

Tuition and fees \$3,000.00 Books & supplies \$250.00

Total initial prorated institutional charges for the payment period = \$3,250.00.

Now, LETS determines whether it can exclude the cost of Jordan's kit from the amount it enters in Step 5, Part L. The equipment was returnable, but Jordan did not return it in good condition within 20 days of withdrawing. Since a school may exclude from institutional charges the documented cost to the school (what the school paid for the items) of unreturnable equipment and returnable equipment not returned in good condition, LETS can exclude the documented cost of the kit from Jordan's total institutional charges for the payment period. When LETS originally purchased the kit, it documented that the kit cost \$300.00, so LETS excludes \$300.00 from Jordan's institutional charges, resulting in an adjusted final total of \$2,950 (\$3,250.00 –300.00) that the school will enter in Step 5, Part L.

L = \$2,950.00

Box M. Subtract the percentage of Title IV earned from Box H (20.0%) from 100.0%. 100% – 20.0% = 80.0%. percentage of Title IV aid unearned = 80.0%.

M = 80.0%

Box N. Calculate the amount of unearned charges. \$2,950.00 (institutional charges from Box L) **X** 80% (percentage of Title IV aid unearned from Box M) = \$2,360.00.

N = \$2,360.00

Box O. Compare the amount of Title IV aid to be returned (Box K) to unearned institutional charges (Box N), and enter the lesser amount in Box O.

Box K = \$2,960.00 Box N = \$2,360.00

O = \$2,360.00

STEP 6: Return of Funds by the School

Box P. Jordan received a Subsidized Direct Loan disbursement of \$1700.00. Since \$1,700.00 is less than the \$2,360.00 (Box O) the school must return \$1,700.00 to the lender. Box P = \$1,700.00.

After the school returns \$1,700.00 to the Title IV loan programs, the balance to be returned by the school is \$660.00 (\$2,360.00 [from Box O] – \$1,700.00 [from Box P]). Jordan received \$2,000.00 in Pell Grant funds, so the school returns \$660.00 to the Pell Grant Program.

The school must return any unearned funds within 45 days from the date of the institution's determination that Jordan withdrew (May 4).

STEP 7: Initial Amount of Unearned Title IV Aid Due from Student

Subtract the amount of Title IV aid the school must return \$2,360.00 from Box O) from the total amount of Title IV aid that is to be returned (\$2,960.00 from Box K) to find the initial amount of Title IV aid due from the student. \$2,960.00 - \$2,360.00 = \$600.00.

Q = \$600.00

STEP 8: Repayment of the Student's Loans

Box R. Subtract the total loans the school must return (\$1,700.00 from Box P) from the net loans disbursed to the student (\$1,700.00 from Box B) to find the total of the loans the student must repay \$1,700.00 - \$1,700.00 = \$0.00.

 $\mathbf{R} = \$0$

Subtract the amount of loans to be repaid by the student in Box R (\$0) from the initial amount of unearned Title IV aid due from the student Box Q (\$600.00) to find the initial amount of Title IV grants for the student to return \$600.00 - 0.00 = \$600.

S = \$600.00

Box T. Multiply the total Title IV grant aid disbursed and could have been disbursed for the period in Box F (\$2,000.00) by 50% to find the amount of grant protection.

$$$2,000.00 \times 50\% = $1,000.00.$$

Box U Subtract the amount of grant protection in Box T (\$1,000.00) from the initial amount of Title IV grants for the student to return in Box S (\$600.00) to find the Title IV grants for the student to return \$600.00 - \$1,000.00 = -\$400.00.

$$U = $-400.00$$

Since the amount in Box U is less than or equal to zero, the student does not have to return any Title IV grant funds, and the calculation is complete.

Treatment Of Title IV Funds When A Student Withdraws From A Clock-Hour Program		
Student's Name Jordan Aire	Social Security Number Example 5	
Date form 5 / 9 / Date	of school's determination 5 / 4 /	
Period used for calculation (check one)	ment period Period of enrollment	
	rs and cents (rounded to the nearest penny). decimal places. (For example, .4486 = .449, or 44.9%)	
STEP 1: Student's Title IV Aid Information		
Title IV Grant Programs Amount Diebursed	Amount that Could Have Been Disbursed E. Total Title IV aid disbursed for the period.	
1. Pell Grant 2000.00	A. 2000.00	
2. FSEOG	+ B. 1700.00	
TEACH Grant Iraq and Afghanistan Service Grant	=E.\$ 3700,00	
T. Had and Alghanisan Service Chan	F. Total Title IV grant aid disbursed and that could have been disbursed for the period.	
A. 2000.00	C. A. 2000.00	
Subtotal	3utnotal + C.	
	Not Amount that Could = F. \$ 2000,00	
Title IV Loan Programs Net Amount Disbursed 5. Unsubsidized Direct Loan	Have Been Disbursed G. Total Title IV aid disbursed and that could	
6. Subsidized Direct Loan 1700.00	have been disbursed for the period.	
7. Perkins Loan	A. 2000.00	
8. Direct Grad PLUS Loan	B. 1700.00	
9. Direct Parent PLUS Loan	+ D.	
B. 1700.00		
Subtotal	U = G.\$ 3700.00	
STEP 2: Percentage of Title IV Aid Earned STEP 4: Title IV Aid to be Disbursed or Returned		
Withdrawal date 4 / 20 /	If the amount in Box I is greater than the amount in Box E, go to Item J (Post-withdrawal disbursement).	
H. Determine the percentage of the period completed: Divide the clock hours scheduled to have been	If the amount in Box I is less than the amount in	
completed as of the withdrawal date in the period by	Box E, go to Title IV aid to be returned (Item K).	
the total clock hours in the period.	If the amounts in Box I and Box E are equal, STOP No further action is necessary.	
	J. Post-withdrawal disbursement	
90 ÷ 450 = 20.0 %	From the Amount of Title IV aid earned by the student (Box I) subtract the Total Title IV aid disbursed for the	
Hours scheduled Total hours in to complete period	period (Box E). This is the amount of the post-	
If this percentage is greater than 60%, enter 100% in Box H and proceed to Step 3.	withdrawal disbursement.	
If this percentage is less than or equal to 60%, enter	Box I Box E = J.\$ NA .	
that percentage in Box H, and proceed to Step 3. H. 20.0 %	If there's an entry for "J," Stop here, and enter the	
and proceed to Step 3. H. 20.0 %	amount in Box 1 on Page 3 (Post-withdrawal disburse- ment tracking sheet).	
STEP 3: Amount of Title IV Aid Earned by the Student	K. Title IV aid to be returned	
Multiply the percentage of Title IV aid earned (Box H) by the Total Title IV aid disbursed and that could have been disbursed for the period (Box G).	From the Total Title IV aid disbursed for the period (Box E) subtract the Amount of Title IV aid earned by the student (Box I). This is the amount of Title IV aid that must be returned.	
20.0 % X 3700.00 = I.\$ 740.00	3700.00 - 740.00 = K.\$ 2960.00	
Box H Box G	Box E Box I	

			Therateuric Of Tible IV Plande Witten A Student Williamse From A Clouis Hour Program
Student's Name	Jordan Aire		Social Security Number Example 5
	nt of Unearned Title IV ne School	/ Aid Due	STEP 8: Repayment of the Student's loans
L. Institutional ch for the period	arges Tuition Room Board Books Other	3000.00 250.00 -300.00	From the Net loans disbursed to the student (Box B) subtract the Total loans the school must return (Box P) to find the amount of Title IV loans the student is still responsible for repaying (Box R). These loans consist of loans the student has earned, or unearned loan funds the school is not responsible for repaying. They are repaid to the loan holders according to the terms of the borrower's promissory note.
Total Institutional C (Add all the charges		2950, 00	1700.00 — 1700.00 = R.\$ 0.00
	unearned Title IV aid		If Box Q is less than or equal to Box R, STOP The only action a school must take is to notify the
	20.0 % = M.	80.0 %	holders of the loans of the student's withdrawal date. If Box Q is greater than Box R, proceed to Step 9.
	onal charges for the perio		STEP 9: Grant Funds to be Returned
\$2950.00 X	Box M	2360.00	S. Initial amount of Title IV grants for student to return From the Initial amount of unearned Title IV aid due from the student (Box Q) subtract the amount of loans to be repaid by the student (Box R).
	mount of Title IV aid to be unt of unearned charges esser amount.		600.00 — 0 = S. 600 .00 Box Q Box R T. Amount of Title IV grant protection Multiply the total of Title IV grant aid that was disbursed
STEP 6: Return	n of Funds by the So		and that could have been disbursed for the period (Box F) by 50%.
The school must return responsible (Box O) b	rn the unearned aid for which by repaying funds to the follow	the school is ring sources, in	2000.00 x 50% = T. 1000.00
	Programs ct Loan t Loan LUS Loan	Amount for School to Return	U. Title IV grant funds for student to return From the Initial amount of Title IV grants for student to return (Box S) subtract the Amount of Title IV grant protection (Box T). 600.00
	pans the p.\$	1700 •00	STEP 10: Return of Grant Funds by the Student
Pell Grant FSEOG TEACH Grant Iraq and Afghanis	tan Service Grant	660.00	Except as noted below, the student must return the unearned grant funds for which he or she is responsible (Box U). The grant funds returned by the student are applied in order as indicated, up to the amount disbursed from that grant program minus any grant funds the school is responsible for returning to that program in Step 6. Note that the student is not responsible for returning funds
			to any program to which the student owes \$50.00 or less.
Prom the amount of the Amount for the	Amount of Unearned Tom the Student Title IV aid to be returned (I school to return (Box O).		Title IV Grant Programs Amount To Return 1. Pell Grant 2. FSEOG 3. TEACH Grant 4. Iraq and Afghanistan Service Grant
If Box Q is ≤ 2	rero STOP If greater than 2	-	

CASE STUDY 6: THOMPSON S. HUNTER

When a student receiving Title IV grants at a school that utilizes a term-based modular course structure, measures academic progress in credit hours and performs its Return calculations on a payment period basis, officially withdraws

Learning Objectives

Learn to complete Steps 1–10 of the Treatment of Title IV Funds When a Student Withdraws from a Credit-Hour Program worksheet and be able to:

- determine whether or not the student must be considered as withdrawn;
- determine the total number of days the student was in attendance;
- recalculate the student's eligibility for Pell and Campus-Based funds;
- calculate the percentage of the payment period the student completed;
- calculate both the percentage and the amount of Title IV aid earned by the student;
- determine either that the student is due a post-withdrawal disbursement (PWD) of Title IV aid or that Title IV aid must be returned; and
- determine the amount to be offered to the student or returned.

School Profile

Las Vegas School of Digital Journalism (LSDJ) is a public residential institution that utilizes a term-based modular course structure and measures academic progress in credit hours.

Academic Year/ 2 semesters/

Period of Enrollment 32 weeks and 24 semester hours

Payment Period 1 semester

117 calendar days

Period Start Date August 22

Period End Date December 16

Institutionally Scheduled Break Yes

Required to Take Attendance No

Period used in Return calculation Payment Period

School Profile, continued

Scheduled starting and ending dates for modules within the term.

Start End

August 22 September 16 September 19 October 14 October 17 November 11 November 14 December 16

A scheduled break begins after the last class on Friday, November 18. Classes resume on Monday, November 28. The scheduled break is nine days long.

Though it is not a school that is required to take attendance, LSDJ has a school policy of using a student's last date of attendance at an academically related activity as the withdrawal date when a student withdraws from a program offered in modules.

Student Profile

Thompson Hunter is an independent, third-year student enrolled at LSDJ for 12 credits offered in four modules. In each module, a student is enrolled in one course that begins and ends on a fixed date. In Thompson's case, each course is worth three credits.

Charges to Thompson's account for the **payment** period are as follows:

Tuition and fees \$ 1,200.00/12 credits

School Authorized to Credit

Account for Other Charges: Yes (all charges)

Thompson's financial aid package is based on the following academic year (9-month budget):

Tuition	\$ 2,400.00
Room	\$ 2,800.00
Board	\$ 1,600.00
Books	\$ 800.00
Personal Expenses	\$ 800.00
Travel	\$ 800.00

Thompson's financial aid package included the following annual awards:

Pell Grant \$ 5,550.00 FSEOG \$ 3,650.00

All of Thompson's financial aid for the first payment period (one-half his annual awards) was disbursed on the first day of classes.

Discussion

On the first day of the period, August 22, Thompson received the following disbursements to his student account:

Pell Grant	\$ 2,775.00
FSEOG	\$ 1,825.00

On October 14, Thompson comes to see you. He tells you that his dog Gonzo has just had 10 puppies. He fears that if he's not around to help her, something terrible might happen to the puppies, and he doesn't want to deal with the self-loathing that would result. He feels it is best if he withdraws from the first semester now.

When a student withdraws from one of a series of modules in a term-based program, a school must first determine whether or not the student must be treated as a withdrawal. In order to do so, the school must answer three questions:

- 1. After beginning attendance in the payment period or period of enrollment, did the student cease to attend or fail to begin attendance in a course he or she was scheduled to attend?
 - If the answer is no, this is not a withdrawal. If the answer is yes, go to question 2.
 - In Thompson's case, the answer to Question 1 is *Yes*; you go on to Question 2.
- 2. When the student ceased to attend or failed to begin attendance in a course he or she was scheduled to attend, was the student still attending any other courses?
 - If the answer is yes, this is not a withdrawal; (Note, however that other regulatory provisions concerning recalculation may apply.) If the answer is no, go to question 3.
 - In Thompson's case, the answer to Question 2 is **No**; you go on to Question 3.
- 3. Did the student confirm attendance in a course in a module beginning later in the period?

 If the answer is yes, this is not a withdrawal, unless the student does not return. If the answer is no, this is a withdrawal, and the Return of Title IV Funds requirements apply.
 - In Thompson's Case, the answer is *No*; you must treat Thompson as a withdrawal.

Therefore, though Thompson completed the first two modules in the semester, since he doesn't intend on returning to a module in this semester, the revised Return regulations require that LSDJ treat him as a withdrawn student.

Because Thompson failed to begin attendance in all of the classes on which his Pell Grant was based, before performing the required Return calculation, LSDJ must recalculate Thompson's Pell based on his enrollment in just the two modules he began—six credits or half time. Thompson's scheduled annual Pell award as a half-time student is \$2,775. His revised first semester award is \$1,388.00. LSDJ must return \$1,387.00 (the difference between Thompson's initial Pell disbursement of \$2,775.00 and his new award of \$1,388.00), and include only his new award of \$1,388.00 in the Return calculation. The school returns the \$1,387.00 through G5 and reduces Thompson's Pell Grant in COD to \$1,388.00.

In addition, since Thompson was receiving Campus-Based aid (FSEOG), the school has to recalculate his eligibility for Campus-Based funds, eliminating the costs attributable to the modules that he did not begin attending to see whether a reduction of the Campus-Based aid is necessary. Based on a revised COA of \$3,600.00 for the fall semester and revised Pell Grant of \$1,388.00, Thompson's remaining first-semester need is \$2,212.00. That is more than his FSEOG of \$1,825.00. Therefore, LSDJ does not need to reduce Thompson's FSEOG award before performing the Return calculation.

LSDJ performed an R2T4 calculation using Thompson's last day of attendance of October 14 as his withdrawal date (as per school policy); \$1,388.00 as the amount of Pell Grant disbursed; and \$1,825.00 as the amount of FSEOG funds disbursed. On October 24, LSDJ returned the funds for which it was responsible to the appropriate programs, and made the appropriate adjustments in COD.

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Solution

Per school policy, Thompson's withdrawal date is his last day of attendance at an academically related activity as determined from the school's attendance records, October 14.

At the beginning of the semester, the following awards were posted to Thompson's account at LSDJ.

Pell Grant	\$ 2,775.00
FSEOG	\$ 1,825.00

Step 1: Student's Title IV Aid Information

Box A. After recalculating and returning the Pell Grant funds for which Thompson was ineligible, the Title IV grant aid disbursed was

Pell Grant	\$ 1,388.00
FSEOG	\$ 1,825.00
A. =	\$ 3,213.00

- **Box B.** Net Title IV loans that could have been disbursed = \$ 0.00.
- **Box C.** Title IV grants that could have been disbursed = \$ 0.00.
- **Box D.** Title IV loans that could have been disbursed = \$0.00.
- **Box E.** Total Title IV aid disbursed for the payment period = A + B = 3,213.00 + 0.00 = \$3,213.00.
- **Box F.** Total Title IV grant aid disbursed and could have been disbursed for the payment period = A + C = 3,213.00 + 0.00 = \$ 3,213.00.
- **Box G.** Total Title IV aid disbursed and could have been disbursed for the payment period = A + B + C + D = 3,213.00 + 0.00 + 0.00 + 0.00 = \$3,213.00.

Step 2: Percentage of Title IV Aid Earned

LSDJ has an institutional policy of using the last date of attendance in an academically related activity as determined from its attendance records as the withdrawal date for students who cease attendance before completing more than 60 percent of the payment period. Thompson's last date of attendance was October 14.

- 1. Payment Period start date = August 22.
- 2. Payment Period end date = December 16.
- 3. Date of withdrawal = October 14.
- 4. Percentage of payment period completed
 - Number of calendar days completed = 54
 - Number of calendar days in the payment period = 108 (117 9 day scheduled break)
 - 54 days ÷ 108 days = 0.50. percentage of payment period completed = 50.0%
- Box H. Because this percentage is 60% or less, the percentage of Title IV aid earned = 50.0%.

Step 3: Amount of Title IV Aid Earned by the Student

Box I. 50.0% (percentage of Title IV aid earned from Box H) **X** \$3,213.00 (Total of the Title IV aid disbursed and could have been disbursed for the payment period or period of enroll ment from Box G) = \$1,606.50. Amount of Title IV aid earned by the student = \$1,606.50.

Step 4: Total Title IV Aid to be Disbursed or Returned

- Box J. Because the total Title IV aid earned (Box I) is less than the total Title IV aid disbursed (Box E), no post-withdrawal disbursement is due, and we proceed to Box K.

 Post-withdrawal disbursement = NA.
- **Box K.** Because the total Title IV aid disbursed (Box E) is greater than the total Title IV aid earned (Box I), Title IV aid must be returned.

3,213.00 (Box E) - 1,606.50 (Box I) = 1,606.50. Title IV Aid to be returned = 1,606.50.

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Step 5: Amount of Title IV Aid Due from the School

Box L. The institutional charges on Thompson's account are the charges initially assessed for the payment period. Note that books and supplies are not included because Thompson had an opportunity to purchase them elsewhere, and did.

Tuition and fees	\$ 1,200.00
Room	\$ 1,400.00
Board	\$ 800.00
Box L =	\$ 3,400.00

- **Box M.** Subtract the percentage of Title IV earned from Box H (50.0%) from 100.0%. 100% 50.0% = 50.0%. percentage of Title IV aid unearned = 50.0%.
- **Box N.** Calculate the amount of unearned charges. \$3,400.00 (institutional charges from Box L) X 50.0% (% of Title IV aid unearned from Box M) = \$1,700.00.

Amount of unearned institutional charges = \$1,700.00.

Box O. Compare the amount of Title IV aid to be returned (Box K) to unearned institutional charges (Box N), and enter the lesser amount in Box O.

Amount of unearned Title IV aid due from the school = \$1,606.50.

STEP 6: Return of Funds by the School

Box P. Thompson received a recalculated Pell Grant disbursement of \$1,388.00. Since \$1,388.00 is less than the \$1,606.50 (Box O) the school must return, the school must return the \$1,388.00 to the Pell Grant Program and an additional \$218.50 (1,606.50 – 1,388.00) to the FSEOG program through the G5 system. The school must also reduce Thompson's Pell Grant in COD to \$0.00.

The school must return any unearned funds within 45 days from the date of the school's determination that Thompson withdrew.

STEP 7: Initial Amount of Unearned Title IV Aid Due from Student

Box Q. Subtract the amount of Title IV aid the school must return (\$1,606.50 from Box O) from the total amount of Title IV aid that is to be returned (\$1,606.50 from Box K) to find the initial amount of Title IV aid due from the student. \$1,606.50 - \$1,606.50 = \$0.00.

Box
$$Q =$$
 \$ 0.00

Because Box Q is \$0.00, no further calculation is needed.

Treatment Of Title IV Funds When A Student Withdraws From A Credit-Hour Program		
Student's Name Thompson H	unter	Social Security Number Example 6
Date form 10 / 20 /	Date	of school's determination 10 / 17 /
Period used for calculation (check	one) Peym	ent period Period of enrollment
		and cents (rounded to the nearest penny). cimal places. (For example, .4486 = .449, or 44.9%)
STEP 1: Student's Title IV Aid	d Information	
Title IV Grant Programs	Amount Disbursed	Amount that Could E. Total Title IV aid disbursed for the period.
1. Pell Grant	1388.00	A. 3213.00
2. FSEOG	1825.00	+ <u>B.</u>
TEACH Grant Iraq and Afghanistan Service Grant		E.\$ 3213,00
		F. Total Title IV grant aid disbursed and that could have been disbursed for the period.
	A. 3213.00	C. A. 3213.00
	Subtotal	Subtotal + C.
		Net Amount that Could = F. \$ 3213,00
Title IV Loan Programs	Net Amount Disbursed	G. Total Title IV aid disbursed and that could
Unsubsidized Direct Loan Subsidized Direct Loan		have been disbursed for the period.
7. Perkins Loan		A. 3213.00
8. Direct Grad PLUS Loan		B.
9. Direct Parent PLUS Loan		+ D.
	В.	
	Subtotal	U. Subtotal = G.\$ 3213.00
STEP 2: Percentage of Title I	V Aid Earned	STEP 3: Amount of Title IV Aid Earned by the Student
08 / 22 / 12 / 16 /	10 / 14 /	Multiply the percentage of Title IV aid earned (Box H) by the Total Title IV aid disbursed and that could have been
Start date Scheduled end d	ate Date of withdrawal	disbursed for the period (Box G).
A school that is not required to take		
student who withdraws without notif Box H and proceed to Step 3. Or, the		50.0 % X 3213.00 = I. \$ 1608,50
last date of attendance at an acade for the "withdrawal date," and proce		Box H Box G
as instructed. For a student who off	icially withdraws, enter	
the withdrawal date. LESS 9-DAY S H. Percentage of payment period of		If the amount in Box I is greater than the amount in Box E, go to Item J (post-withdrawal disbursement).
enrollment completed If the amount in Box I is less than the amount in		
breaks of five days or more AND days that the student Box E, go to Title IV aid to be returned (Item K).		
was on an approved leave of abse		No further action is necessary.
	-	J. Post-withdrawal disbursement
54 + 108 Completed days Total days	= 50.0 %	From the Amount of Title IV aid earned by the student (Box I) subtract the Total Title IV aid disbursed for the period (Box E). This is the amount of the post-
If this percentage is greater that Box H and proceed to Step 3.	n 60%, enter 100% in	withdrawal disbursement.
If this percentage is less than o	r equal to 60% enter	Box I Box E
that percentage in Box H,	0/	Stop here, and enter the amount in "J" in Box 1 on Page 3 (Post-withdrawal disbursement tracking sheet).
and proceed to Step 3.	H. 50.0 %	Sten 4 continued b

Treatment Of Title IV Funds When A Student Wilhelman From A Credit-Hour Programs Student's Name Social Security Number Thompson Hunter Example 6 STEP 4: Aid to be Disbursed or Returned CONTINUED STEP 7: Initial Amount of Unearned Title IV Aid Due from the Student From the Total Title IV aid disbursed for the period From the amount of Title IV aid to be returned (Box K) subtract the (Box E) subtract the amount of Title IV aid earned by Amount for the school to return (Box O). the student (Box I). This is the amount of Title IV aid that must be returned. 1606.50 1606.50 0 00 Box K If Box Q is ≤ zero, STOP) If greater than zero, go to Step 8 1606.50 1606_50 3213.00 STEP 8: Repayment of the Student's loans Bax E From the Net loans disbursed to the student (Box B) subtract the STEP 5: Amount of Unearned Title IV Aid Due Total loans the school must return (Box P) to find the amount of from the School Title IV loans the student is still responsible for repaying (Box R). These loans consist of loans the student has earned, or unearned L. Institutional charges 1200.00 Tuition loan funds the school is not responsible for repaying. They are for the period Room 1400.00 repaid to the loan holders according to the terms of the borrower's Board 800.00 promissory note. Other =|R.\$ Other Bax B Other If Box Q is less than or equal to Box R, STOP) The only action a school must take is to notify the holders Total Institutional Charges = of the loans of the student's withdrawal date. 3400.00 (Add all the charges together) If Box Q is greater than Box R, proceed to Step 9. M. Percentage of unearned Title IV aid STEP 9: Grant Funds to be Returned % 100%-50.0 50.0 S. Initial amount of Title IV grants for student to return From the initial amount of unearned Title IV aid due from N. Amount of unearned charges the student (Box Q) subtract the amount of loans to be Multiply institutional charges for the period (Box L) by repaid by the student (Box R). the percentage of unearned Title IV aid (Box M). = S.\$ Box Q Bax R 3400.00 1700,00 T. Amount of Title IV grant protection Multiply the total of Title IV grant aid that was disbursed and that could have been disbursed for the period O. Amount for school to return (Box F) by 50%. Compare the amount of Title IV aid to be returned 50% (Box K) to amount of unearned charges (Box N), and enter the lesser amount. Bax F O. \$ 1606.50 U. Title IV grant funds for student to return From the Initial amount of Title IV grants for student to STEP 6: Return of Funds by the School return (Box S) subtract the Amount of Title IV grant The school must return the unearned aid for which the school is protection (Box T). responsible (Box O) by repaying funds to the following sources, in =|∪.\$ order, up to the total net amount disbursed from each source. Amount for School to Return Box T Title IV Programs If Box U is less than or equal to zero, STOP If not, go to Step 10. Unsubsidized Direct Loan STEP 10: Return of Grant Funds by the Student 2. Subsidized Direct Staff Loan Except as noted below, the student must return the unearned grant funds 3. Perkins Loan for which he or she is responsible (Box U). The grant funds returned by the student are applied in order as indicated, up to the amount disbursed 4. Direct Grad PLUS Loan from that grant program minus any grant funds the school is responsible 5. Direct Parent PLUS Loan for returning to that program in Step 6. Total loans the Note that the student is not responsible for returning funds school must return to any program to which the student owes \$50.00 or less. Pell Grant 1388.00 Amount To Return Title IV Grant Programs 7. FSEOG 1. Pell Grant 8. TEACH Grant 2. FSEOG

3. TEACH Grant

Iraq and Afghanistan Service Grant

Iraq and Afghanistan Service Grant

CASE STUDY 7: THE RETURN OF THOMPSON S. HUNTER

When a student receiving Title IV grants at a school that utilizes a term-based modular course structure, measures academic progress in credit hours and performs its Return calculations on a payment period basis, officially withdraws, returns within the payment period, and withdraws again.

Learning Objectives

Learn to complete Steps 1–10 of the Treatment of Title IV Funds When a Student Withdraws from a Credit-Hour Program worksheet, and be able to:

- identify the steps that must be taken when a student who withdrew from a term-based program offered in modules returns within the payment period;
- determine the numerator and denominator when calculating the percentage of the payment period completed for a student who withdraws, returns and withdraws again.
- recalculate the student's eligibility for Pell and Campus-Based funds;
- calculate the percentage of the payment period the student completed, and the percentage and the amount of Title IV aid earned by the student;
- determine if the student is due a post-withdrawal disbursement (PWD) of Title IV aid or that Title IV aid must be returned, and if so, how much the school must return and
- determine the amount to be offered to the student or returned by him.

School Profile

Las Vegas School of Digital Journalism (LSDJ) is public residential institution that utilizes a term-based modular course structure and measures academic progress in credit hours.

Academic Year/ 2 semesters/

Period of Enrollment 32 weeks and 24 semester hours

Payment Period 1 semester

117 calendar days

Period Start Date August 22

Period End Date December 16

Institutionally Scheduled Break Yes

Required to Take Attendance No

Period used in Return calculation Payment Period

School Profile, continued

Scheduled starting and ending dates for modules within the term.

Start End

August 22 September 16 September 19 October 14 October 17 November 11 November 14 December 16

A scheduled break begins after the last class on Friday, November 18. Classes resume on Monday, November 28. The scheduled break is nine days long.

Though it is not a school that is required to take attendance, LSDJ has a school policy of using a student's last date of attendance at an academically related activity as the withdrawal date when a student withdraws from a program offered in modules.

Student Profile

Thompson Hunter is an independent third-year student enrolled at LSDJ for 12 credits offered in four modules. In each module a student is enrolled in one course that begins and ends on a fixed date. In Thompson's case, each course is worth three credits.

Charges to Thompson's account for the payment period are as follows:

Tuition and fees \$ 1,200.00/12 credits

School Authorized to Credit

Account for Other Charges: Yes (all charges)

Thompson's financial aid package is based on the following academic year (9-month budget):

Tuition	\$ 2,400.00
Room	\$ 2,800.00
Board	\$ 1,600.00
Books	\$ 800.00
Personal Expenses	\$ 800.00
Travel	\$ 800.00

Student Profile (Continued)

Thompson's financial aid package included the following annual awards:

Pell Grant \$ 5,550.00 FSEOG \$ 3,650.00

All of Thompson's financial aid for the first payment period (one-half his annual awards) was disbursed on the first day of classes.

Discussion

On November 11, Thompson Hunter (the student from Case Study 6) walks into your office with the news that his wife Barbara Ann has quit her acting job in LA and moved back to Las Vegas. Longing for a normal family life, Barbara Ann is more than happy to care for Gonzo and the puppies. Thompson would like to re-enter the program when the fourth module begins on November 14.

When Thompson returns for module four, 34 CFR 668.22(a)(2)(iii)(A) applies. That regulation provides that, if a student withdraws from a term-based credit-hour program offered in modules and re-enters the same program prior to the end of the payment period, the student is treated as if he or she did not cease attendance for purposes of determining the student's aid awards for the period. The student is considered to be in the same payment period he or she was in at the time of the withdrawal and retains his or her original Title IV eligibility for that payment period, provided the student's enrollment status continues to support the same amount of those funds. To do this, the school must:

- recalculate Thompson's Title IV program eligibility based upon enrollment in modules 1, 2, and 4 and then re-disburse any Title IV, HEA program funds that had been disbursed and then returned under the Return of Title IV Funds provisions, adjusting, if necessary, for any change in his enrollment status;
- disburse any Title IV, HEA program funds for which Thompson was otherwise eligible that had not yet been disbursed at the time he withdrew, adjusting for the change in enrollment status; and
- cancel any Title IV overpayments assessed Thompson as a result of the prior withdrawal.

When Thompson returns in module four, the three credits for that module are added to the six credits that Thompson completed previously. Nine credits at LSDJ are the minimum number required for three-quarter-time enrollment status. Therefore, the school must recalculate Thompson's eligibility for Title IV assistance as a three-quarter time student. Thompson's scheduled annual Pell award as a three-quarter-time student is \$4,163.00, and his one-semester award is \$2,081.50.

After recalculating Thompson's eligibility from full time to half time when he withdrew previously, the school returned \$1,387.00 (the difference between Thompson's initial Pell disbursement of \$2,775.00 and his half-time award of \$1,388.00). The school then included only his new award of \$1,388.00 in the Return calculation and returned the entire amount as a result of the calculation. The school also reduced his Pell award in COD to \$0.00. When Thompson returns, the school must once again adjust his award in COD (this time to his three-quarter-time award of \$2,081.50) and draw down and disburse \$2,081.50 to his account.

In addition, the school has to recalculate Thompson's eligibility for Campus-Based funds, adding the costs attributable to the additional module that he has begun attending, to see whether a modification of his Campus-Based aid is necessary. Based on a revised COA of \$4,100.00 for the fall semester and revised Pell Grant of \$2,081.50, Thompson's remaining first-semester need is \$2,018.50. That is greater than his initial FSEOG award of \$1,825.00. Therefore, since it has not already awarded the \$218.50 that it returned previously to another eligible student, the school re-awards and disburses the \$218.50 in FSEOG funds to Thompson.

When the aid officer reviews the results of the previous Return calculation, he finds that Thompson had not been required to return any Title IV funds; therefore, there are no student overpayments to cancel.

On the first day of module four, November 14, LSDJ made the following disbursements to his student account:

Pell Grant	\$ 2,081.50
FSEOG	\$ 218.50

(restoring his total to \$1,825)

After class on December 5, Thompson once again comes to see you. He says that his uncle Raoul (born in England under mysterious circumstances) has just discovered that he is in line to be the Duke of Marlboro. Raoul must go to England immediately to claim the title, and he's willing to cover the cost of Thompson's traveling with him to the investiture. Therefore, Thompson has decided to withdraw immediately.

When a student withdraws from one of a series of modules in a term-based program, a school must first determine whether or not the student must be treated as a withdrawal. In order to do so, the school must answer three questions:

- 1. After beginning attendance in the payment period or period of enrollment, did the student cease to attend or fail to begin attendance in a course he or she was scheduled to attend?
 - If the answer is no, this is not a withdrawal. If the answer is yes, go to question 2.
 - In Thompson's case, the answer to Question 1 is Yes; you go on to Question 2.
- 2. When the student ceased to attend or failed to begin attendance in a course he or she was scheduled to attend, was the student still attending any other courses?
 - If the answer is yes, this is not a withdrawal. (Note, however, that other regulatory provisions concerning recalculation may apply.) If the answer is no, go to question 3.
 - In Thompson's case, the answer to Question 2 is No; you go on to Question 3.

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- 3. Did the student confirm attendance in a course in a module beginning later in the period? (If this were a non-standard term or nonterm program, this would have to be no later than 45 calendar days after the end of the module the student ceased attending.)
 - If the answer is yes, this is not a withdrawal unless the student does not return. If the answer is no, this is a withdrawal, and the Return of Title IV Funds requirements apply.
 - In Thompson's case, the answer is *No*; you must treat Thompson as a withdrawal.

Thompson began attendance in all of the classes on which his Pell Grant was based (modules 1,2, and 4). Therefore, the school did not need to recalculate Thompson's revised Pell Grant. In addition, since Thompson began attendance in all of the classes on which his Campus-Based aid (FSEOG) was based, the school did not have to recalculate his eligibility for Campus-Based funds.

Solution

Per school policy, Thompson's withdrawal date is his last day of attendance at an academically related activity as determined from the school's attendance records, December 5.

Step 1: Student's Title IV Aid Information

Box A. Since Thompson had begun all modules (classes) on which his Pell and Campus-Based aid was based, the Title IV grant aid disbursed was –

A. =	\$ 3,906.50
FSEOG	\$ 1,825.00
Pell Grant	\$ 2,081.50

- **Box B.** Net Title IV loans that could have been disbursed = \$ 0.00.
- **Box C.** Title IV grants that could have been disbursed = \$ 0.00.
- **Box D.** Title IV loans that could have been disbursed = \$ 0.00.
- **Box E.** Total Title IV aid disbursed for the payment period = A + B = 3,906.50 + 0.00 = \$3,906.50.
- **Box F.** Total Title IV grant aid disbursed and could have been disbursed for the payment period = A + C = 3,906.50 + 0.00 = \$3,906.50.
- **Box G.** Total Title IV aid disbursed and could have been disbursed for the payment period = A + B + C + D = 3,906.50 + 0.00 + 0.00 = \$3,906.50

Step 2: Percentage of Title IV Aid Earned

Though it is not a school that is required to take attendance, LSDJ has a school policy of using a student's last date of attendance at an academically related activity as the withdrawal date when a student withdraws from a program offered in modules.

The total number of days in the payment period is the original 108 days. While the student did not begin module three, since module three was included in the original payment period or period of enrollment and used to determine the amount of Title IV, HEA funds eligibility, the days from module three are included in the denominator.

The total number of completed calendar days in the period reflects the completed days in modules one, two, and four. From the previous Return calculation, we know that Thompson completed 54 days in modules one and two. He completed 13 days in module 4 (22 days less the 9-day scheduled break). The total number of days completed (the days completed in modules one, two, and four) are the sum of the days completed during each period or 67 days (54 + 13).

- 1. Payment Period start date = August 22.
- 2. Payment Period end date = December 16.
- 3. Date of withdrawal = December 5.
- 4. Percentage of payment period completed
 - Number of calendar days completed in modules one, two, and four = 67
 - Number of calendar days in the payment period = 108 (117 9-day scheduled break)
 - 67 days ÷ 108 days = 0.62. Percentage of payment period completed = 62.0%
- Box H. Because this percentage is greater than 60%, the percentage of Title IV aid earned = 100.0%. Note that although no return is required, the school must complete Step 3 in order to determine whether 100% of his aid has been disbursed or Thompson was due a post-withdrawal disbursement.

Percentage of Title IV aid earned = 100.00%

Step 3: Amount of Title IV Aid Earned by the Student

Box I. 100.0% (percentage of Title IV aid earned from Box H) X \$3,906.50. (Total of the Title IV aid disbursed and could have been disbursed for the payment period or period of enrollment from Box G) = \$3,906.50.

Amount of Title IV aid earned by the student = \$3,906.50.

When we subtract the amount of Title IV aid disbursed, \$3,906.50 (Box E) from the amount of Title IV earned, \$3,906.50 (Box I), the aid officer found that the answer is \$0.00. Therefore, Thompson has received all the Title IV aid to which he was entitled and is not due a post-withdrawal disbursement.

No further action is necessary.

Treatment Of Title IV Fu	nds When A Stude	ent Withdraws From A Credit-Hour Program
Student's Name Thompson H	unter	Social Security Number Example 7
Date form completed 12 / 06 /	Date o	of school's determination that student withdrew
Period used for calculation (check	one) Payme	ent period Period of enrollment
		and cents (rounded to the nearest penny). cimal places. (For example, .4486 = .449, or 44.9%)
STEP 1: Student's Title IV Ai	d Information	
Title IV Grant Programs	Amount Disbursed	Amount that Could E. Total Title IV aid disbursed for the
1. Pell Grant	2081.50	period. A. 3906.50
2. FSEOG	1825.00	+ B.
3. TEACH Grant		E.\$ 3908,50
Iraq and Afghanistan Service Grant		F. Total Title IV grant aid disbursed and that
		could have been disbursed for the period.
	A. 3906.50	C. A. 3906.50
	Subtotal	Subtotal + C.
		Net Amount that Could = F. \$ 3906,50
Title IV Loan Programs	Net Amount Disbursed	G. Total Title IV ald disbursed and that could
5. Unsubsidized Direct Loan		have been disbursed for the period.
Subsidized Direct Loan Perkins Loan		A. 3906.50
8. Direct Grad PLUS Loan		В.
9. Direct Parent PLUS Loan		C.
		+ <u>D.</u>
	B. Subtotal	D. = G.\$ 3906,50
STEP 2: Percentage of Title		
		STEP 3: Amount of Title IV Aid Earned by the Student
08 / 22 / 12 / 16 / Start date Scheduled end of	12 / 5 /	Multiply the percentage of Title IV aid earned (Box H) by the Total Title IV aid disbursed and that could have been
A school that is not required to take		disbursed for the period (Box G).
student who withdraws without notif	ication, enter 50% in	100.0 % X 3906.50 = I.\$ 3906.50
Box H and proceed to Step 3. Or, the last date of attendance at an acade		Box H Box G
for the "withdrawal date," and proce	ed with the calculation	Den 1
as instructed. For a student who off the withdrawal date. LESS 9-DAY S		
H. Percentage of payment period		If the amount in Box I is greater than the amount in Box E, go to Item J (post-withdrawal disbursement).
enrollment completed Divide the calendar days complet		If the amount in Box I is less than the amount in Box E, go to Title IV aid to be returned (Item K).
total calendar days in the period (breaks of five days or more AND		If the amounts in Box I and Box E are equal, STOP.
was on an approved leave of abs		No further action is necessary.
1 - [¬ [J. Post-withdrawal disbursement
67 + 108	= <u>62,0 %</u>	From the Amount of Title IV aid earned by the student (Box I) subtract the Total Title IV aid disbursed for the
Completed days Total days		period (Box E). This is the amount of the post- withdrawal disbursement.
If this percentage is greater that Box H and proceed to Step 3.	n 60%, enter 100% in	J.\$
If this percentage is less than o	r equal to 60%, enter	Bax I Box E
that percentage in Box H,		Stop here, and enter the amount in "J" in Box 1 on Page 3 (Post-withdrawal disbursement tracking sheet).
and proceed to Step 3.	H. 100.0 %	Page 3 (Post-withdrawai disbulsement tracking sheet).

CASE STUDY 8: ELI KRAUT

When a student receiving Title IV grants and loans at a school that utilizes a nonterm modular course structure, measures academic progress in credit hours and performs its Return calculations on a payment period basis officially withdraws and is not scheduled to return within 45 days.

Learning Objectives

Learn to complete Steps 1–10 of the Treatment of Title IV Funds When a Student Withdraws from a Credit-Hour Program worksheet, and be able to:

- determine whether or not a student must be considered a withdrawal;
- determine if it is necessary, and if so, recalculate the student's eligibility for Pell and Campus-Based funds;
- determine the total number of days the student was in attendance, and the numerator and denominator when calculating the percentage of the payment period completed;
- calculate the percentage of the payment period the student completed, and both the percentage and the amount of Title IV aid earned by the student;
- determine either that the student is due a post-withdrawal disbursement (PWD) of Title IV aid or that Title IV aid must be returned; and
- determine the amount to be offered to the student or returned.

School Profile

The Giant School of Sports Medicine (GSSM) is a private, for profit institution that utilizes a nonterm modular course structure and measures academic progress in credit hours.

Academic Year/ 24 credits/ Period of Enrollment 32 weeks

Payment Period 12 credit hours

4 modules (each of 4 weeks duration)

16 weeks

Period Start Date August 1

Period End Date November 18

Institutionally Scheduled Break No

Required to Take Attendance No

Period Used in Return Calculation Payment Period

FSA HB September 2019 5–191

School Profile, continued

Scheduled starting and ending dates for modules within the payment period.

Start End

August 1 August 26
August 29 September 23
September 26 October 21
October 24 November 18

Student Profile

Eli Kraut is a dependent, fourth-year student enrolled at GSSM for 12 credits offered in four modules. In each four-week module, a student enrolls in one course that begins and ends on a fixed date. In Eli's case, each course is worth three credits.

Charges to Eli's account for the payment period are as follows:

Tuition and fees \$ 3,200.00/12 credits

School Authorized to Credit

Account for Other Charges: Yes (all charges)

Eli's financial aid package is based on the following nine month academic year cost of attendance (COA).

Tuition	\$ 6,400.00
Room	\$ 3,200.00
Board	\$ 3,200.00
Books	\$ 1,600.00
Personal Expenses	\$ 3,200.00
Travel	\$ 800.00

Total COA \$ 18,400.00

Student Profile, Continued

Eli's financial aid package included the following annual awards:

Pell Grant	\$ 5,550.00
FSEOG	\$ 4,000.00
Subsidized Direct Loan	\$ 5,500.00
Federal Work Study (FWS)	\$ 3,350.00

Except for his FWS award, all of Eli's financial aid for the first payment period (one-half his annual awards) was disbursed on the first day of classes.

Discussion

On the first day of the period, August 1, Eli received the following disbursements to his student account:

Pell Grant	\$ 2,775.00
FSEOG	\$ 2,000.00
Net Subsidized Direct Loan	\$ 2,700.00

On August 25, Eli comes to see you. He tells you that his twin brother, Jake, has just won an all-expenses paid Mediterranean cruise for two and has invited Eli (the lucky dog) to accompany him on the cruise. Eli has decided not to miss this chance of a lifetime. He intends to drop modules two and three, and return for the fourth module on October 24. On August 26, Eli completes module one and withdraws.

When a student withdraws from one of a series of modules in a nonterm-based program, a school must first determine whether or not the student must be treated as a withdrawal. In order to do so, the school must answer three questions:

1. After beginning attendance in the payment period or period of enrollment, did the student cease to attend or fail to begin attendance in a course he or she was scheduled to attend?

If the answer is no, this is not a withdrawal. If the answer is yes, go to question 2.

In Eli's case, the answer to Question 1 is Yes; you go on to Question 2.

2. When the student ceased to attend or failed to begin attendance in a course he or she was scheduled to attend, was the student still attending any other courses?

If the answer is yes, this is not a withdrawal. (Note, however that other regulatory provisions concerning recalculation may apply.) If the answer is no, go to question 3.

In Eli's case, the answer to Question 2 is *No*; you go on to Question 3.

3. Did the student confirm attendance in a course in a module beginning later in the period? For nonterm and nonstandard term programs, this must be no later than 45 calendar days after the end of the module the student ceased attending.

If the answer is yes, this is not a withdrawal unless the student does not return. If the answer is no, this is a withdrawal, and the Return of Title IV Funds requirements apply.

Note: CFR 34 668.22(a)(2)(i)(C) provides that a student in a nonterm or nonstandard term program is considered to have withdrawn for Title IV purposes if the student is not scheduled to begin another course within a payment period or period of enrollment for more than 45 calendar days, unless the student is on an approved leave of absence. 34 CFR 668.22(a)(2)(ii)(A)(2) provides that, for a nonterm or nonstandard term program, an institution must treat as a withdrawal a student who ceases attendance in a module, notwithstanding a student's confirmation of attendance in a future module in the payment period or period of enrollment if that module does not begin within 45 days of the end of the module the student ceased attending. (For additional information see Withdrawals from programs offered in modules in Chapter 2.)

The module in which Eli will be returning (module 4) does not start until October 24. That is 59 days from August 26, the end of the first module. Therefore, in Eli's case, the answer to Question 3 is *No*; you must treat Eli as a withdrawal.

Because Eli failed to begin attendance in all of the classes on which his Title IV aid was based, before performing the required Return calculation GSSM must recalculate Eli's eligibility for Title IV funds based on his enrollment in just the one module he began—three credits, or less than half time.

<u>Note</u>: Pell Grant awards for students in clock-hour programs and programs without terms are always based on the *Payment Schedule for Determining Full-Time Awards*. Therefore, a school does not have to recalculate a Pell Grant when a student attending a nonterm program or clock-hour program withdraws.

The school does have to recalculate Eli's eligibility for Campus-Based aid (FSEOG and FWS), eliminating the costs attributable to the modules that he did not begin attending, to see whether a reduction of the Campus-Based aid was necessary. After eliminating the expenses associated with the period of non-attendance, the school determined that the COA (for Campus-Based purposes) associated with Eli's enrollment in the one module was \$2,600.00. The loan funds that Eli had already received (and for which his eligibility does not have to be recalculated—\$2,700.00) plus his Pell Grant (\$2,775.00), plus the \$500.00 in FWS Eli has earned to date equal \$5,975.00. Since \$\$5,975.00 exceeds Eli's revised COA of \$2,500.00, the aid officer determined that Eli was not eligible for any FSEOG funds, so the school had to reduce Eli's FSEOG award to \$0.00 and either award the \$2,000.00 in FSEOG funds to another eligible student or return them to ED. Note that Pell Grants and earned FWS funds are never reduced to address an overpayment.

Note: Any time a student enrolled in a clock-hour or nonterm program changes his or her enrollment status, the school must recalculate the student's COA to determine if the student's eligibility for Campus -Based funds has changed. The school may not include in the COA costs associated with any classes the student failed to begin. Moreover, when a student enrolled in a clock-hour or nonterm program with-draws, a school that calculates Returns on a period of enrollment basis may not include costs associated with any future payment period for which the student has not confirmed attendance at the time of withdrawal and that does not start within 45 days in the student's COA.

GSSM performed an R2T4 calculation using Eli's last day of attendance of August 26 as his withdrawal date; \$2,775.00 as the amount of Pell Grant disbursed; \$0.00 as the amount of FSEOG funds disbursed; and \$2,700.00 as the amount of Subsidized Direct Loan funds disbursed. On September 4, GSSM returned the funds for which it was responsible to the appropriate programs.

Solution

Eli's withdrawal date is his last day of attendance at an academically related activity as determined from the school's attendance records, August 26.

At the beginning of the payment period, the following awards were posted to Eli's account at GSSM.

Pell Grant	\$ 2,775.00
FSEOG	\$ 2,000.00
Net Subsidized Direct Loan	\$ 2,700.00

Step 1: Student's Title IV Aid Information

Box A. After recalculation, the Title IV grant aid disbursed was

Pell Grant	\$ 2,775.00
FSEOG	\$ 0.00

Box B. Net Title IV loans disbursed

- **Box C.** Title IV grants that could have been disbursed = \$ 0.00.
- **Box D.** Title IV loans that could have been disbursed = \$0.00.
- Box E. Total Title IV aid disbursed for the payment period = A + B = 2,775.00 + 2,700.00 = \$ 5,475.00.
- **Box F.** Total Title IV grant aid disbursed and could have been disbursed for the payment period = A + C = 2,775.00 + 0.00 = \$2,775.00.
- Box G. Total Title IV aid disbursed and could have been disbursed for the payment period = A + B + C + D = 2,775.00 + 2,700.00 + 0.00 = \$5,475.00.

Step 2: Percentage of Title IV Aid Earned

For Title IV purposes, Eli's withdrawal date is August 26, the day he dropped modules two and three and notified the school that he would not be returning until the start of module four. Note that because Eli didn't drop modules two and three before withdrawing, the days in those modules are included in the number of days in the payment period.

- 1. Payment Period start date = August 1.
- 2. Payment Period end date = November 18.
- 3. Date of withdrawal = August 26.
- 4. Percentage of payment period completed
 - Number of calendar days completed = 26
 - Number of calendar days in the payment period = 110
 - 26 days \div 110 days = 0.2363. Percentage of payment period completed = 23.6%
- **Box H.** Because this percentage is 60% or less, the percentage of Title IV aid earned = 23.6%.

Step 3: Amount of Title IV Aid Earned by the Student

- **Box I.** 23.6% (percentage of Title IV aid earned from Box H) **X** \$5,525.00 (Total of the Title IV aid disbursed and could have been disbursed for the payment period or period of enrollment from Box G) = \$1,292.10. Amount of Title IV aid earned by the student = \$1,292.10.
 - **I.** = \$1,292.10

Step 4: Total Title IV Aid to be Disbursed or Returned

- Box J. Because the total Title IV aid earned (Box I) is less than the total Title IV aid disbursed (Box E), no post-withdrawal disbursement is due, and we proceed to Box K.

 Post-withdrawal disbursement = NA.
- **Box K.** Because the total Title IV aid disbursed (Box E) is greater than the total Title IV aid earned (Box I) Title IV aid must be returned.

\$5,475.00 (Box E) - \$1,292.10 (Box I) = \$4182.90. Title IV Aid to be returned = \$4182.90.

K. = \$4182.90.

Step 5: Amount of Title IV Aid Due from the School

Box L. The institutional charges on Eli's account are the charges initially assessed for the payment period. Note that books and supplies are not included because Eli had an opportunity to purchase them elsewhere, and did.

Tuition and fees \$ 3,200.00 Room \$ 1,600.00 Board \$ 1,600.00 Box L = \$ 6,400.00

Box M. Subtract the percentage of Title IV earned from Box H (23.6%) from 100.0%. 100% - 23.6% = 76.4%. Percentage of Title IV aid unearned = 76.4%.

M = 76.4%

Box N. Calculate the amount of unearned charges. \$6,400.00 (institutional charges from Box L) **X** 76.4% (% of Title IV aid unearned from Box M) = \$4,889.60. Amount of unearned institutional charges = \$4,889.60.

N = \$ 4,889.60

Box O. Compare the amount of Title IV aid to be returned (Box K) to unearned institutional charges (Box N), and enter the lesser amount in Box O.

Box K = \$ 4182.90 Box N = \$ 4,889.60

Amount of unearned Title IV aid due from the school = \$4182.90.

O = \$ 4,182.90

STEP 6: Return of Funds by the School

Box P. The amount of unearned Title IV aid due from the school is \$4182.90 (Box O), and Title IV loans are returned before Title IV grants. Since Eli received a Net Subsidized Direct Loan of \$2,700.00, the school returns the entire \$2,700.00 to the Direct Loan Program.

The school also returns 1,482.90 (4182.90 (Box 0) -2,700.00 (Box P)) to the Pell Grant Program.

The school must return any unearned funds within 45 days from the date of the institution's determination that Eli withdrew.

STEP 7: Initial Amount of Unearned Title IV Aid Due from Student

Box Q. Subtract the amount of Title IV aid the school must return (\$4,171.10 from Box O) from the total amount of Title IV aid that is to be returned (\$4,171.10 from Box K) to find the initial amount of Title IV aid due from the student. \$4,171.10 - \$4,171.10 = \$0.00.

Q = \$ 0.00

There is no unearned aid due from the student, so the Return calculation ends here.

Treatment Of Title IV Funds When A Student Withdraws From A Credit-Hour Program							
Student's Name Eli Krau	rt		Social Security Nu	mber	Ex	ample 8	
Date form 8 / 27	/	Date	of school's determine		8	/ 26 /	/
Period used for calculation (c	heck on	e) Paym	that student with ent period		d of enr	ollment	
			- ⊔	46			
Monetary When calculating p	amounts ercentag	es, round to three de	and cents (rounded to cimal places. (For exa	mple,	.4486 =	anny). .449, or 44.9%)
STEP 1: Student's Title I	V Aid Ir	nformation					
Title IV Grant Program	18	Amount Disbursed	Amount that Could Have Been Disburse		Total Title period.	e IV ald disbursed	for the
1. Pell Grant		2775.00			A.	277	
2. FSEOG 3. TEACH Grant					+ <u>B.</u>	2700	
4. Iraq and Afghanistan Service Gr					E.\$	5475 e IV grant ald disb	
					could he period.	we been disburse	d for the
	A.	2775.00	C.	\dashv	Α.	2775.	.00
	74.	Subtotal	Subtotal	_	+ <u>C.</u>	0.	.00
Title IV Loan Program	10	Net Amount Disbursed	Net Amount that Cou Have Been Disburse		F. \$	2775	i₃00
5. Unsubsidized Direct Loan	. [100.000.000				e IV ald disbursed in disbursed for th	
6. Subsidized Direct Loan		2700.00					
7. Perkins Loan					A. B.		5.00 0.00
Direct Grad PLUS Loan Direct Parent PLUS Loan					C.		
	В.	2700.00	D.	=	+ <u>D.</u>		
	٠.	Subtotal	Subtotal		= G.\$	5475	.00
STEP 2: Percentage of T	itle IV A	Aid Earned	STEP 3: Amoun				
08 / 01 / 11 / 18		/ /	Multiply the percei	_			
Start date Scheduled			disbursed for the				
A school that is not required to student who withdraws withou	t notificat	ion, enter 50% in	23.6 % X	5475.	· -	= I. \$	1292,10
Box H and proceed to Step 3. last date of attendance at an a			Box H	Bax		1. 4	1202,10
for the "withdrawal date," and as instructed. For a student w							
the withdrawal date.		,				ater than the a	
H. Percentage of payment pe enrollment completed	riod or p	eriod of	1		_	ithdrawal disbu	•
Divide the calendar days con total calendar days in the pe						s than the amo be returned (Ite	
breaks of five days or more	AND day	s that the student	If the amount			Box E are equ	ıal, STOP.
was on an approved leave o	T absence	θ).	J. Post-withdra			•	
26 🛨 110		23.6 %				aid earned by le IV aid disbur	
Completed days Total di	iys		period (Box E). Thi	s is the a	mount of the p	
If this percentage is greate Box H and proceed to Ste		0%, enter 100% in	withdrawal dis	BOURSE	ement.	J.\$ NA	
If this percentage is less the	-	ual to 60%, enter	Box I Stop here, and	Box	_		ov 1 on
that percentage in Box H, and proceed to Step 3.	_	H. 23.6 %	Page 3 (Post-w				

Student's Name Eli Kraut	Social Security Number Example 8
STEP 4: Aid to be Disbursed or Returned CONTINUED	STEP 7: Initial Amount of Unearned Title IV Aid Due from the Student
From the Total Title IV aid disbursed for the period (Box E) subtract the amount of Title IV aid earned by the student (Box I). This is the amount of Title IV aid	From the amount of Title IV aid to be returned (Box K) subtract the Amount for the school to return (Box O).
that must be returned.	4182.90 - 4182.90 = Q.\$ 0.00
5475.00 - 1292.10 = K.\$ 4182,90	Box K Box O If Box Q is ≤ zero, STOP If greater than zero, go to Step 8
Bax E Box I	STEP 8: Repayment of the Student's loans
STEP 5: Amount of Unearned Title IV Aid Due from the School	From the Net loans disbursed to the student (Box B) subtract the Total loans the school must return (Box P) to find the amount of Title IV loans the student is still responsible for repaying (Box R).
L. Institutional charges Tuition 3200.00	These loans consist of loans the student has earned, or unearned loan funds the school is not responsible for repaying. They are repaid to the loan holders according to the terms of the borrower's promissory note.
Other Other	_ =R.\$.
Other	Box B Box P If Box Q is less than or equal to Box R, STOP
Total Institutional Charges = L.\$ 6400.00	The only action a school must take is to notify the holders of the loans of the student's withdrawal date.
(Add all the charges together) — 6400.00 M. Percentage of unearned Title IV aid	If Box Q is greater than Box R, proceed to Step 9.
100% - 23.6 % = M. 76.4 %	STEP 9: Grant Funds to be Returned
Box H	S. Initial amount of Title IV grants for student to return
N. Amount of unearned charges	From the initial amount of unearned Title IV aid due from the student (Box Q) subtract the amount of loans to be
Multiply institutional charges for the period (Box L) by	repaid by the student (Box R) .
the percentage of unearned Title IV aid (Box M).	- = s.\$ ·
6400.00 X 76.4 % = N.\$ 4889,60	Box Q Box R
Box L Box M	T. Amount of Title IV grant protection Multiply the total of Title IV grant aid that was disbursed
O. Amount for school to return	and that could have been disbursed for the period (Box F) by 50%.
Compare the amount of Title IV aid to be returned (Box K) to amount of unearned charges (Box N),	X 50% = T. S .
and enter the lesser amount.	Box F
and enter the lesser amount. O.\$ 4182,90	U. Title IV grant funds for student to return
STEP 6: Return of Funds by the School	From the Initial amount of Title IV grants for student to return (Box S) subtract the Amount of Title IV grant
The school must return the unearned aid for which the school is	protection (Box T).
responsible (Box O) by repaying funds to the following sources, in order, up to the total net amount disbursed from each source.	- = U.\$.
Title IV Programs Amount for School to Return	Box 8 Box T If Box U is less than or equal to zero, STOP If not, go to Step 10
Unsubsidized Direct Loan	STEP 10: Return of Grant Funds by the Student
Subsidized Direct Staff Loan 2700.00 Perkins Loan	Except as noted below, the student must return the unearned grant fund
4. Direct Grad PLUS Loan	for which he or she is responsible (Box U). The grant funds returned by the student are applied in order as indicated, up to the amount disbursed
5. Direct Parent PLUS Loan	from that grant program minus any grant funds the school is responsible
Total loans the	for returning to that program in Step 6. Note that the student is not responsible for returning funds
school must return = P.\$ 2700,00	to any program to which the student owes \$50.00 or less.
6. Pell Grant 1482.90	Title IV Grant Programs Amount To Return
7. FSEOG 8. TEACH Grant	1. Pell Grant
	2. FSEOG.
Iraq and Afghanistan Service Grant	TEACH Grant Iraq and Afghanistan Service Grant
	4. Iraq and Alghanistan Service Grant

CASE STUDY 9: BAKER JEFFRIES

An independent, fourth-year student receiving Title IV grants and loans at a school that utilizes a nonterm modular course structure, measures academic progress in credit hours, and performs its return calculations on a payment period basis, officially withdraws, returns within 180 days, and withdraws again.

Learning Objectives

Learn to complete Steps 1–8 of the Treatment of Title IV Funds When a Student Withdraws from a Credit-Hour Program worksheet and be able to:

- determine the total number of days the student was in attendance;
- determine the total number of days in the payment period;
- calculate the percentage of the payment period the student completed;
- calculate both the percentage and the amount of Title IV aid earned by the student;
- determine either that the student is due a post-withdrawal disbursement (PWD) of Title IV aid or that Title IV aid must be returned; and
- determine the amount to be offered to the student or returned.

School Profile

Chula University (CU) is a non-residential postsecondary institution that utilizes a nonterm modular course structure and measures academic progress in credit hours.

Academic Year/ 24 credits/ Period of Enrollment 32 weeks

Payment Period 12 credit hours

4 modules (each of 4 weeks duration)

16 weeks

Period Start Date January 9

Period End Date April 27

Institutionally Scheduled Break None

Required to Take Attendance No

Period used in Return calculation Payment Period

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School Profile, continued

Scheduled starting and ending dates for modules within the calendar year. At each starting point all modules are offered.

Start	End	Start	End
January 9	February 3	February 6	March 2
March 5	March 30	April 2	April 27
April 30	May 25	May 28	June 22
June 25	July 20	July 23	August 17
August 20	September 14	September 17	October 12
October 15	November 9	November 12	December 7

Student Profile

Baker Jeffries is an independent, fourth-year student enrolled at CU for 12 credits offered in four three-credit modules. CU anticipates that Baker, as do most of the students at CU, will complete each of the modules in four weeks, and the payment period in 16 weeks.

Charges to Baker's account for the payment period are as follows:

Tuition and fees \$ 6,000.00/12 credits

School Authorized to Credit

Account for Other Charges: Yes (all charges)

Baker's financial aid package is based on the following eight-month academic year cost of attendance (COA).

Tuition	\$	12,000.00
Room	\$	3,200.00
Board	\$	3,200.00
Books	\$	1,200.00
Personal Expenses	\$	3,200.00
Travel	\$	800.00
Total COA	<u> </u>	23.600.00

4.500.00

Student Profile, Continued			
Baker's financial aid package in	cluded the	e following annual awards:	
Pell Grant	\$	5,550.00	
FSEOG	\$	4,000.00	
Subsidized Direct Loan	\$	5,500.00	
Unsubsidized Direct Loan	\$	4,250.00	

S

Discussion

On the first day of the period, January 9, Baker received disbursements totaling \$9,500.00 in Title IV assistance from the following programs to his student account:

Pell Grant	\$ 2,775.00
FSEOG	\$ 2,000.00
Net Subsidized Direct Loan	\$ 2,700.00
Net Unsubsidized Direct Loan	\$ 2,025.00

Federal Work Study (FWS)

On January 27, you are notified by the registrar that Baker has dropped module 2. Then, on February 3, after completing the last class in module 1, Baker comes to see you. He tells you that he's been offered a job as a researcher on a project studying the terrapin species native to the brackish coastal swamps of Maryland and other southeastern states. Baker has decided to withdraw from school in order to accept the job.

When a student withdraws from one of a series of modules in a nonterm-based program, a school must first determine whether or not the student must be treated as a withdrawal. In order to do so, the school must answer three questions:

- 1. After beginning attendance in the payment period or period of enrollment, did the student cease to attend or fail to begin attendance in a course he or she was scheduled to attend? If the answer is no, this is not a withdrawal. If the answer is yes, go to question 2.
 - In Baker's case, the answer to Question 1 is *Yes*; you go on to Question 2.
- 2. When the student ceased to attend or failed to begin attendance in a course he or she was scheduled to attend, was the student still attending any other courses? If the answer is yes, this is not a withdrawal. (Note, however, that other regulatory provisions concerning recalculation may apply.) If the answer is no, go to question 3.
 - In Baker's case, the answer to Question 2 is *No*; you go on to Question 3.
- 3. Did the student confirm attendance in a course in a module beginning later in the period? For nonterm and nonstandard term programs, this must be no later than 45 calendar days after the end of the module the student ceased attending. If the answer is yes, this is not a withdrawal, unless the student does not return. If the answer is no, this a withdrawal, and the Return of Title IV Funds requirements apply.

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In Baker's case, the answer is No, and therefore you must consider Baker as a withdrawn student.

Because Baker failed to begin attendance in all of the classes on which his Title IV aid was based, before performing the required Return calculation, CU must recalculate Baker's eligibility for Title IV funds based on his enrollment in just the one module he began—three credits, or less than half time.

Note: Pell Grant awards for students in clock-hour programs and programs without terms are always based on the *Payment Schedule for Determining Full-Time Awards*. Therefore a school does not have to recalculate a Pell Grant when a student attending a nonterm program or clock-hour program withdraws.

The school does have to recalculate Baker's eligibility for Campus-Based aid (FSEOG and FWS), eliminating the costs attributable to the modules that he did not begin attending, to see whether a reduction of the Campus-Based aid was necessary. After eliminating the expenses associated with the period of non-attendance, the school determined that the COA (for Campus-Based purposes) associated with Baker's enrollment in the one module was \$3,250.00.

The loan funds that Baker had already received (and for which his eligibility does not have to be recalculated—\$4,725.00) plus his Pell Grant (\$2,775.00), plus the \$400.00 in FWS Baker has earned to date equal \$7,900.00. Since \$7,900.00 exceeds Baker's revised COA of \$3,250.00, the aid officer determined that Baker was not eligible for any FSEOG funds, so the school had to reduce Baker's FSEOG award to \$0.00 and either award the \$2,000.00 in FSEOG funds to another eligible student or return them to ED. (Note that Pell Grants and earned FWS funds are never reduced to address an overpayment.)

Note: Any time a student enrolled in a clock-hour, nonterm program, or nonstandard term program with terms that are not substantially equal changes his or her enrollment status, the school must recalculate the student's COA to determine if the student's eligibility for Campus-Based funds has changed. The school may not include in the student's COA costs associated with any classes the student failed to begin. Moreover, when a student enrolled in a clock-hour, nonterm program, or non standard term program with terms that are not substantially equal withdraws, a school that calculates Returns on a period of enrollment basis may not include costs associated with any future payment period for which the student has not confirmed attendance at the time of withdrawal and that does not start within 45 days in the Student's COA.

CU performed an R2T4 calculation using Baker's last day of attendance of February 3 as his withdrawal date; \$2,775.00 as the amount of Pell Grant disbursed; \$0.00 as the amount of FSEOG funds disbursed; \$2,700.00 as the amount of Subsidized Direct Loan funds disbursed; and \$2,025.00 as the amount of unsubsidized loan funds disbursed. On February 17, CU returned the funds for which it was responsible to the appropriate programs.

Solution

At the beginning of the semester, the following awards were posted to Baker's account at CU.

Pell Grant	\$ 2,775.00
FSEOG	\$ 2,000.00
Subsidized Direct Loan	\$ 2,700.00
Unsubsidized Direct Loan	\$ 2,025.00

Step 1: Student's Title IV Aid Information

Box A. After recalculation, the Title IV grant aid disbursed was

Pell Grant	\$ 2,775.00
FSEOG	\$ 0.00

Box B. Net Title IV loans disbursed

Net Subsidized Direct loan	\$ 2,700.00
Net Unsubsidized Direct	\$ 2,025.00

Box C. Title IV grants that could have been disbursed = \$0.00.

Box D. Title IV loans that could have been disbursed = \$0.00.

Box E. Total Title IV aid disbursed for the payment period = A + B = 2775.00 + 4,725.00 = \$7,500.00.

Box F. Total Title IV grant aid disbursed and could have been disbursed for the payment period = A + C = 2,775.00 + 0.00 = \$2,775.00.

Box G. Total Title IV aid disbursed and could have been disbursed for the payment period = A + B + C + D = 2,775.00 + 4,725.00 + 0.00 + 0.00 = \$7,500.00.

Step 2: Percentage of Title IV Aid Earned

For Title IV purposes, Baker's withdrawal date is February 3, the day he informed the aid office that he was withdrawing.

- 1. Payment Period start date = January 9.
- 2. Payment Period end date = April 27.
- 3. Date of withdrawal = February 3.
- 4. Percentage of payment period completed

Note: Because Baker dropped one module (module 2) of the course before he withdrew, the days following the end of module 1 (February 4) through the day prior to the start of module 3 (March 4)—30 days—are excluded from the total days used in determining the percentage of the period completed.

- Number of calendar days completed = 26
- Number of calendar days in the payment period = 80 (The 110 days in the original period less the 30 days from February 4 through March 4)
- 26 days \div 80 days = 0.3250. Percentage of payment period completed = 32.5%
- **Box H.** Because this percentage is 60% or less, the percentage of Title IV aid earned = 32.5%.

Step 3: Amount of Title IV Aid Earned by the Student

Box I. 32.5% (percentage of Title IV aid earned from Box H) **X** \$7500.00 (Total of the Title IV aid disbursed and could have been disbursed for the payment period or period of enrollment from Box G) = \$2,437.50 Amount of Title IV aid earned by the student = \$2,437.50.

Step 4: Total Title IV Aid to be Disbursed or Returned

Box J. Because the total Title IV aid earned (Box I) is less than the total Title IV aid disbursed (Box E), no post-withdrawal disbursement is due, and we proceed to Box K.

Post-withdrawal disbursement = NA.

Box K. Because the total Title IV aid disbursed (Box E) is greater than the total Title IV aid earned (Box I), Title IV aid must be returned.

\$7500.00 (Box E) - \$2,437.50 (Box I) = \$5,062.50. Title IV Aid to be returned = \$5,062.50.

Step 5: Amount of Title IV Aid Due from the School

Box L. The charges used in a Return calculation are always the charges initially assessed by the school adjusted only for any courses or module the student dropped prior to the date the student withdrew Therefore, even though CU refunds the tuition Baker paid for the modules he did not start, the school must enter \$4,500.00 in Step 5 of the Return calculation. (The \$6,000.00 initially charged minus the \$1,500.00 for module 2 that Baker dropped before withdrawing.) A \$150.00 charge for books is included because Baker did not have the opportunity to purchase them elsewhere.

Tuition and fees \$ 4,500.00 Books \$ 150.00 L. = \$ 4,650.00

Box M. Subtract the percentage of Title IV earned from Box H (32.5%) from 100.0%. 100% - 32.5% = 67.5%. Percentage of Title IV aid unearned = 67.5%.

M. = 67.5%

Box N. Multiply the institutional charges from Box L (\$4,650.00) by the percentage of unearned Title IV aid from Box M (67.5%) to find the amount of unearned charges \$4,650.00 X 67.5% = \$3,138.75. Amount of unearned = \$3,138.75.

N. = \$3,138.75

Box O. Compare the amount of Title IV aid to be returned (Box K) to unearned institutional charges (Box N), and enter the lesser amount in Box O.

K. = \$5,062.50 **N.** = \$3,138.75

Amount of unearned Title IV aid due from the school = \$3,138.75.

STEP 6: Return of Funds by the School

The amount of unearned Title IV aid due from the school is \$3,138.75 (Box O). Since Title IV loans are returned before Title IV grants, and Unsubsidized Direct Loans are returned before Subsidized Direct Loans, the school returns \$2,025.00 to the Direct Loan Program for crediting toward Baker's Unsubsidized Direct Loan and \$1,114.00 to the Direct Loan Program for crediting toward Baker's Subsidized Direct Loan (Because the COD system will not accept requests for other than whole dollars [no cents] for the Direct Loan Program). The school also cancels the second disbursement of both of his Direct Loans.

The school must return any unearned funds within 45 days from the date of the institution's determination that Baker withdrew.

STEP 7: Initial Amount of Unearned Title IV Aid Due from Student

Box Q. Subtract the amount of Title IV aid the school must return (\$3,138.75) from Box O from the total amount of Title IV aid that is to be returned (\$5,062.50) from Box K to find the initial amount of Title IV aid due from the student. \$5,062.50 - \$3,139.00 = \$1,923.50.

The initial amount of Title IV aid due from the student, is \$1,923.50.

STEP 8: Repayment of the Student's Loans

Box R. Subtract the total loans the school must return (\$3,138.75) from Box P from the net loans disbursed to the student (\$4,725.00) from Box B to find the total of the loans the student must repay \$4,725.00 - \$3,139.00 = \$1,586.00.

Since the amount from Box Q (\$1,923.50) is greater than the amount from Box R (\$1,586.00), you proceed to Step 9.

Box S. Subtract the amount of loans to be repaid by the student in Box R (\$1,586.00) from the initial amount of unearned Title IV aid due from the student Box Q (\$1,923.50) to find the initial amount of Title IV grants for the student to return \$1,923.50 – \$1,586.00 = \$337.50.

Box T. Multiply the total Title IV grant aid disbursed and could have been disbursed for the period in Box F (\$2,775.00) by 50% to find the amount of grant protection \$2,775.00 **X** 50% = \$1,387.50.

Box U. Subtract the amount of grant protection in Box T (\$1,387.50) from the initial amount of Title IV grants for the student to return in Box S (\$337.50) to find the Title IV grants for the student to return \$337.50 - \$1,387.50 = -\$1,050.00.

Since the amount in Box U is less than or equal to zero, the student does not have to return any Title IV grant funds, and the calculation is complete.

Treatment Of Title IV Funds When A Student Withdraws From A Credit-Hour Program											
Student's Name Baker Jeffries			5	Soc	ial Security Numb	er		Exam	ole 9		$\overline{}$
Date form		Date			ool's determination			2	/ з	- /	$\overline{}$
Completed					at student withdre						
Period used for calculation (check one)											
Monetary amounts should be in dollars and cents (rounded to the nearest penny). When calculating percentages, round to three decimal places. (For example, .4486 = .449, or 44.9%)											
STEP 1: Student's Title IV Aid Information											
Title IV Grant Programs		Amount Disbursed			Amount that Could Have Been Disbursed	E	Tota		V ald dis	bursed for the	
1. Pell Grant		2775.00	ļ	[]	pen	A.		2775.00]
2. FSEOG			ļ	Į.			+	B.		4725.00	<u></u>
3. TEACH Grant			ļ	ļ.			E	.\$		7500,00	Ī
Iraq and Afghanistan Service Grant						F.	Tot	al Title		ald disbursed a	
			ļ	٠		·		ıld haw lod.	e been di	sbursed for the	*
	Α.	2775.00	1	c.		i		A.		2775.00	
'		Subtotal			Subtotal	_	+	C.]
m.					Net Amount that Could	=	E	. \$		2775 .00]
Title IV Loan Programs 5. Unsubsidized Direct Loan	١	Net Amount Disbursed 2025.00		г	Have Been Disbursed	٦G.				bursed and tha	
Subsidized Direct Loan	{	2700.00		.		·	nav	e been	dispurse	d for the period	L
7. Perkins Loan	····{	2700.00		٠٠٠		1		A.		2775.00]
8. Direct Grad PLUS Loan	····					1		B. C.		4725.00	_
9. Direct Parent PLUS Loan	····[[_	D.			-
	В.	4725.00		٥.]_	· [6	i.\$		7500,00	i
		Subtotal	_		Subtotal	_	_				
STEP 2: Percentage of Title I	V /		┦		TEP 3: Amount o						
1 / 9 / 4 / 27 /		2 / 3 /	Multiply the percentage of Title IV aid earned (Box H) by								
Start date Scheduled end date Date of withdrawal disbursed for the period (Box G).							011				
A school that is not required to take student who withdraws without notif			Ш	_				_			
Box H and proceed to Step 3. Or, th	ne s	chool may enter the	Ш	L		500		=	I. \$	2437	50
last date of attendance at an acade for the "withdrawal date," and proce					Box H	Вак	3				
as instructed. For a student who off											
the withdrawal date. H. Percentage of payment period of	or n	eriod of	If the amount in Box I is greater than the amount in Box E, go to Item J (post-withdrawal disbursement).								
enrollment completed Divide the calendar days complete			If the amount in Box I is less than the amount in								
total calendar days in the period (exc	luding scheduled	Box E, go to Title IV aid to be returned (Item K). If the amounts in Box I and Box E are equal, STOP.								
breaks of five days or more AND was on an approved leave of abse			Ш	No further action is necessary.							
	_		Ш	J. Post-withdrawal disbursement							
26 * 80 Completed days Total days	:	= <u>32,5</u> %		From the Amount of Title IV aid earned by the student (Box I) subtract the Total Title IV aid disbursed for the period (Box E). This is the amount of the post-							
withdrawal disbursement. Withdrawal disbursement. Withdrawal disbursement. J. \$ NA											
	entage is less than or equal to 60%, enter Stop here, and enter the amount in "J" in Box 1 on										
that percentage in Box H, and proceed to Step 3.	_	H. 32.5 %	$ \ $	Page 3 (Post-withdrawal disbursement tracking sheet).							

Student's Name Social Security Number Baker Jeffries Example 9 STEP 7: Initial Amount of Unearned Title IV Aid Due STEP 4: Aid to be Disbursed or Returned CONTINUED from the Student From the Total Title IV aid disbursed for the period From the amount of Title IV aid to be returned (Box K) subtract the (Box E) subtract the amount of Title IV aid earned by Amount for the school to return (Box O). the student (Box I). This is the amount of Title IV aid = Q.\$ that must be returned. 5062.50 1923_50 3139.00 Box O Box K If Box Q is ≤ zero, STOP) If greater than zero, go to Step 8 7500.00 5062,50 2437.50 STEP 8: Repayment of the Student's loans Box I Bax E From the Net loans disbursed to the student (Box B) subtract the STEP 5: Amount of Unearned Title IV Aid Due Total loans the school must return (Box P) to find the amount of from the School Title IV loans the student is still responsible for repaying (Box R). These loans consist of loans the student has earned, or unearned L. Institutional charges 4500.00 Tuition loan funds the school is not responsible for repaying. They are for the period Room repaid to the loan holders according to the terms of the borrower's promissory note. Board 150.00 Books R.\$ 1586.00 4725.00 3139.00 Other Bax B Other If Box Q is less than or equal to Box R, STOP The only action a school must take is to notify the holders Total Institutional Charges = of the loans of the student's withdrawal date. IL.S 4650.00 (Add all the charges together) If Box Q is greater than Box R, proceed to Step 9. M. Percentage of unearned Title IV aid STEP 9: Grant Funds to be Returned 32.5 % % 100% -67.5 S. Initial amount of Title IV grants for student to return From the initial amount of unearned Title IV aid due from N. Amount of unearned charges the student (Box Q) subtract the amount of loans to be Multiply institutional charges for the period (Box L) by repaid by the student (Box R). the percentage of unearned Title IV aid (Box M). =|S.\$ 1923.50 1586.00 337 - 50 Box Q 4650.00 3138.75 T. Amount of Title IV grant protection Box L Box M Multiply the total of Title IV grant aid that was disbursed and that could have been disbursed for the period O. Amount for school to return (Box F) by 50%. Compare the amount of Title IV aid to be returned 50% (Box K) to amount of unearned charges (Box N), 2775.00 1387,50 and enter the lesser amount. Bax F O. \$ 3138,75 U. Title IV grant funds for student to return From the Initial amount of Title IV grants for student to STEP 6: Return of Funds by the School return (Box S) subtract the Amount of Title IV grant The school must return the unearned aid for which the school is protection (Box T). responsible (Box O) by repaying funds to the following sources, in 337.50 1387.50 — 1050_00 order, up to the total net amount disbursed from each source. Amount for School to Return Box T Title IV Programs If Box U is less than or equal to zero, STOP if not, go to Step 10. Unsubsidized Direct Loan 2025.00 STEP 10: Return of Grant Funds by the Student 2. Subsidized Direct Staff Loan 1114.00* Except as noted below, the student must return the unearned grant funds Perkins Loan for which he or she is responsible (Box U). The grant funds returned by 4. Direct Grad PLUS Loan the student are applied in order as indicated, up to the amount disbursed. from that grant program minus any grant funds the school is responsible 5. Direct Parent PLUS Loan for returning to that program in Step 6. Total loans the Note that the student is not responsible for returning funds 3139,00 school must return to any program to which the student owes \$50.00 or less. Pell Grant Title IV Grant Programs Amount To Return FSEOG 1. Pell Grant TEACH Grant 2. FSEOG Iraq and Afghanistan Service Grant 3. TEACH Grant *Because COD only accepts whole dollars

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